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Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozechah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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Delhi Reaction To Ministerial Resignations

U. P. Cabinet Tenders Resignation

Bombay Ministry To Quit To-day: Bihar Gets Ready For Final Act

LUCKNOW, October 30.
PANDIT Govind Vallabh Pant, Premier of U. P. tendered the resignation of his Ministry to H. E. the Governor. It is understood the resignation of the Ministry has not yet been accepted.

On leaving the Assembly, Pandit Pant drove to his residence where he had a brief talk with Maulana Abul Kalam Azad. He left for Government House at 6-57 and returned at 7-18 p.m.

Interviewed by pressmen on his arrival, he said that he had tendered his resignation to H.E. the Governor. The resignation, however, has not yet been accepted.

Pt. Pant is leaving for Nainital to-night.

GOVT. HOUSE COMMUNIQUE

LUCKNOW, Oct. 30.
The following communique has been issued from the Government House:

His Excellency the Governor this evening received the Hon. Pandit Gobind Ballabh Pant who tendered the resignation of himself and his colleagues in the Council of Ministers. His Excellency informed the Hon. Premier, that before accepting the resignation of the Ministers, he must consider the alternative arrangements to be made to enable the Government of the Province to be carried on.—A.P.

War Resolution Passed In U. P. Assembly

LUCKNOW, Oct. 30.
After full three days' debate, the war resolution of the Premier as amended was carried in the U.P. Assembly by 127 votes against 2.

The League's amendment was negatived by 128 votes against 19. Thereafter, the House adjourned 'sine die' amidst a scene of great enthusiasm, reminiscent of the day when the Congress accepted office.

Just before the adjournment, the Premier in the course of a statement in the House said that by virtue of the resolution passed in the House they were tendering their resignations to the Governor.—United Press.

Demonstrations In U. P.

LUCKNOW, Oct. 30.
The relinquishment of office by Ministers will be marked by demonstrations on November 5.

The Provincial Congress Committee have decided to hold meetings to congratulate the Ministers on their resignation when the national demands would be reiterated.—United Press.

BIHAR MINISTRY GETS READY TO RESIGN

PATNA, October 30.
Consultations between all Ministers will take place here this afternoon and a meeting of Ministers and Parliamentary Secretaries will be held to-morrow after which it is understood the resignation of Ministers will be submitted to the Governor.—A.P.

BIHAR P. C. C. TO MEET

PATNA, Oct. 30.
The Bihar Provincial Congress Committee is meeting on November 7 to consider the latest resolution of the Congress Working Committee asking the Congress Ministries to resign.—United Press.

BOMBAY CABINET TO RESIGN TO-DAY

BOMBAY, Monday.
The Premier of Bombay will call on the Governor on Tuesday eve-



B. G. KHER.

week as was done by the Governor of Madras, the chances of the attempt proving a success are definitely nil.

KHER AND RAJAJI

(From Our Correspondent.)
ALLAHABAD, Oct. 30.

Information trickled down here shows that two Congress Ministers who regarded the Viceroy's declaration with uncompromising hostility were Messrs. C. Rajagopalachariar and B. G. Kher. They are reported to have played an important part in the Congress decision calling out the Ministers. This is regarded as somewhat unusual as both these Premiers had the reputation of being moderate among Congress Premiers but it is pointed out that their real strength lay in their moderation.—A.P.

Madras Governor's Declaration

MADRAS, October 30.
Consequent on his present Ministers' resignations and the impossibility of forming another Ministry at present which will have the support of a working majority in the present legislature the Governor has issued a proclamation under Section 93 of the Government of India Act taking all administrative and legislative power into his own hands.

In the course of a broadcast speech in this connection the Governor said: "I hope and trust it will not be necessary to suspend the constitution for any prolonged period. As soon as I can be convinced that a Ministry possessing adequate majority and support in the legislature can be

NAZI RULE IN POLAND

Plight Of Jews And Restrictions On Poles

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 30.
The German authorities in Poland have ordered that buying and selling will be restricted as far as possible and that deals must be confined to essentials, according to the Berlin correspondent of "Berlingske Tidende." No travel is permitted without a permit and at the hoot of a horn, all Poles must leave the pavement and raise the hat when German soldiers or Nazi partymen pass. Poles must wait at shops until all Germans have been served.

FLIGHT OF JEWS.
Jews are served last. They are suffering intensely from Nazi oppression—they are not allowed to use the pavements or possess over two thousand Zloty, of which only a hundred will be in cash. All debts to Jews of over 50 Zloty have been cancelled. Efforts are being made to prevent Jews obtaining Red Cross assistance and Jews are forbidden to own wirelesses.—Reuter.

PURGE OF NAZI PRISONERS

Thousand Shot Dead During Month

PARIS, Oct. 30.
The Gestapo chief, Herr Himmler, has begun a grim purge of Nazi prisoners, according to the "Paris Soir".

It says that a Commission, under his leadership, claims to be ridding the Reich of the enemies of Nazism, who are in prison or concentration camps. Since October 12 over 1,000 prisoners are stated to have been shot.

The "Paris Soir" declares that the objectives of the purge are firstly to get rid of suspects, secondly to impress the survivors and thirdly to make room for further arrests.—Reuter.

MUIRHEAD DIES OF GUN-SHOT WOUND

LONDON, Oct. 30.
It is revealed to-day that Lieut.-Colonel Muirhead who was formerly Under-Secretary of State for India had a gun-shot wound in the head and a gun by his side.—Reuter.

Attlee To Speak On Labour's Peace Aims

LONDON, Oct. 30.
Mr. Attlee will define Labour's peace aims at a meeting of the Labour members of the House of Commons at Caxton Hall on November 8.—Reuter.

JINNAH TO MEET VICEROY

NEW DELHI, Oct. 30.
It is learned that Mr. M. A. Jinnah will meet the Viceroy on Wednesday.—A. P.

Mysore Dewan In Delhi

NEW DELHI, Oct. 30.
Sir Mirza Ismail, Dewan of Mysore, arrived here this morning and is expected to stay for a week or ten days.—A. P.

formed I shall be only too happy to withdraw the proclamation and restore the normal working of the Constitution.—United Press.

MADRAS LEGISLATURES PRO-RUGUED

MADRAS, Oct. 30.
In exercise of the powers conferred by Clause B of Sub-Section 2 of Section 62 of the Government of India Act, the Governor has prorogued the session of the Legislative Assembly and the Council with effect from 29th October, 1939.—A. P.

(SEE PAGE 10)

Congress Has Forced The Pace

But Spirit Of Hoare's Speech Has Led To Developments In Madras

(From Our Correspondent.)
NEW DELHI, Oct. 30.
"CONGRESS HAS FORCED THE PACE." THAT IS HOW OFFICIALS REACTED TO REPORTS ABOUT THE SUSPENSION OF THE CONSTITUTION IN MADRAS, WHERE FOR THE MOMENT THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ACT LIES BURIED.

THE EXPLANATION OFFERED IN NEW DELHI IS THE GOVERNORS AND THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL HAD NO ALTERNATIVE BUT TO SUSPEND THE CONSTITUTION ONCE CONGRESS MINISTERS HAD RESIGNED AND THE GOVERNOR FOUND ALTERNATIVE GOVERNMENT IMPOSSIBLE.

SPIRIT OF HOARE'S SPEECH
It is being said that Madras developments serious in themselves would not affect Delhi talks between the Viceroy and the Congress and if some settlement is arrived at the proclamation may be withdrawn. Political observers, however, feel Madras developments will augur ill for Delhi talks and shows the spirit implicit in Sir Samuel Hoare's speech "King's Government must be carried on."

DELHI BLAMED
They blame Delhi for not acting promptly and issuing invitations to Congress leaders simultaneously with the Commons debate to indicate that they wanted to negotiate further and Lord Lin-

VOTE FOR CONGRESS NOMINEE

To-day's Municipal Bye-Election

(Khetwadi-Tardeo Ward)
Vote for Congress Candidate: Prof. D. R. Gharpure.
Congress expects every voter to vote for Congress nominee, Prof. D. R. Gharpure in to-day's Municipal bye-election in Khetwadi-Tardeo Ward. Polling Booth: Gwalika Tank Maidan. Polling Time: From 7-30 a.m. to 6-30 p.m. (B.T.). Earlier you record your vote the better it is both for you and the Candidate.

lithgow's statements was not the last word. They say Congress Ministers could not stay hands after unequivocal declaration by the Viceroy turning down Congress demand.

FATEFUL WEEK
This mid-week is being looked forward to for fateful decision about country's future—final break-up between Congress and Government or co-operation to establish freedom in India and in the world. It is considered probable that Mahatma Gandhi and Mr. Jinnah might meet before they see the Viceroy but nothing definite is known here yet.

SIGNIFICANCE OF INVITATIONS
The fact that only Congress and Muslim League leaders are being invited suggests that Government have plans about reconstruction at the Centre in which only the parties represented in the Central Legislature would be invited to join.

VICEROY INVITES AGAIN

Congress & Muslim Leaders For Parleys

NEW DELHI, Oct. 30.
The "United Press" learns that Mahatma Gandhi, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Congress President, Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League, and Sir

BRITISH SHIPS SUNK

Fate Of Trawler In North Sea: Enemy Activity In Atlantic

LONDON, Oct. 30.
Two British ships were sunk by enemy action. The 8,000 ton "Malabar" was sunk by a U-Boat in the Atlantic yesterday and a Scottish engineer and four lascars were trapped in the engine room and killed. The rest of the crew, numbering 70, were landed safely. There were no passengers.

The Hull steam-trawler "St. Nidan" 565 tons was sunk, while returning from fishing grounds after a fortnight's trip and the crew of 15 were saved.

Another British trawler, "Lynx", was sunk, it is believed by enemy gunfire in the North Sea. The crew of 10 landed in Scotland.

This is first loss to Grimsby fishing fleet during the war.

WHEN GERMAN OFFENSIVE WILL BE LAUNCHED

PARIS, Oct. 30.
Despite the bad weather, there is nothing to suggest that the expected German offensive will be delayed until the spring, writes M. Charles Morla in "Le Petit Parisien".

He says that the enemy may wait until there is a slight improvement in the weather but the offensive is unlikely to be delayed longer than February. "It must not be forgotten that operations are possible in Holland even during the winter."—Reuter.

GREAT NAZI AIR ACTIVITY

LUXEMBURG, Oct. 30.
Great air activity was reported along the Moselle and Sarre this morning.—Reuter.

NORWEGIAN SHIP SUNK

LONDON, Oct. 29.
A Norwegian steamer was sunk in the North Sea to-day. The crew of 30 was landed. Three of them who were injured were taken to hospital.—Reuter.

FOREIGN LEGION IN SOUTH AFRICA

PRETORIA, Oct. 30.
A Gazette Extraordinary provides for the establishment of a Foreign Legion in South Africa. The proclamation signed by Gen. Smuts enables allens to join the Coast Garrison or active citizen forces or special unit to be styled Foreign Legion.—Reuter.

OIL, THE DECIDING FACTOR

LONDON, Oct. 30.
M. Caillaux, Chairman of the Senate Finance Commission, is the first prominent Frenchman publicly to contemplate a short war.

He writes in "Le Paris Soir" on Germany's prospects of obtaining essential war supplies and says: IF THE ALLIES UTILISE THEIR ADVANTAGES AND CONCENTRATE PARTICULARLY ON OIL, THEIR TRIUMPH WILL BE ASSURED IN A SHORT SPACE OF TIME.

THE ALLIES WOULD HAVE TO DISPLAY DISCONCERTING INCOMPETENCE TO LOSE THE WAR, he adds.—Reuter.

Sikandar Hyat Khan, Premier of the Punjab, have been invited for interviews with His Excellency the Viceroy this week.

Mahatma Gandhi and Dr. Rajendra Prasad leave for Wardha to-morrow morning by the Grand Trunk Express and reach Delhi on Wednesday morning. The meeting between the Mahatma, the Congress President and the Viceroy will take place on Wednesday next.—United Press.

AIR RAID WARNINGS IN SEVERAL TOWNS

R. A. F. Machines Drive Off German Plane From Scottish Coast

SMALL ENEMY ATTACKS REPULSED ON WESTERN FRONT

LONDON, October 30.
AIR RAID warnings were sounded this morning at three south-east coast towns, and one inland town in the south-east. The "All-Clear" came within a few minutes.

At one of the coast towns, the noise of what sounded like gunfire, apparently coming from a considerable distance in the Channel, was heard for a few minutes. People in a North-East Coast town on their way to business watched two planes flying very low and were amazed, when one of the machines started machinegun fire.

NAZI PLANE ON LOTHIAN COAST.
The objective of the German reconnaissance plane, which appeared on the East Lothian Coast may have been upper reaches of the Firth of Forth. Flying very low and at a terrific speed, the pilot came inland where its progress was impeded by several R. A. F. machines, whose gunners opened fire and compelled the enemy to put about for the sea, where the combatants were lost sight of during a brief conflict. Towns people viewed the encounter from their houses and shop doors.

ON KENT COAST.
An air raid warning was sounded on the Kent Coast this morning. It was closely followed by the "All-Clear".

Small Enemy Attacks Repulsed
PARIS, Oct. 30.
A communique states the night was quiet. We repulsed some small enemy attacks.

BERLIN REPORT.
BERLIN: A High Command communique reports no change in the situation on the Western Front.

HELLISH HORRORS OF NAZI CONCENTRATION CAMPS

LONDON, Oct. 30.
The horrors of German concentration camps are described in a White Paper dealing with the ill-treatment of Jews and opponents of the Nazi regime.

The White Paper explains that "before the war and ever since its outbreak the German Government accused Great Britain of atrocities in South Africa forty years ago. In view of this shameful propaganda, which is wholly devoid of any foundation, His Majesty's Government think it opportune to publish some reports they have received of the treatment accorded in Germany itself to German nationals."

BARBAROUS TREATMENT
In 1933 members of Opposition parties were arrested wholesale and consigned to concentration camps, where they were subjected to the most barbarous treatment. Flogging and torture were the order of the day and it was common knowledge in Germany that the National Socialist movement was taking terrible vengeance on those, who had the temerity to oppose it.

The White Paper says that 344 cases of arrests or attacks on Czechoslovak citizens were reported during this period. British subjects, including a member of the staff of the British Embassy, were wantonly assaulted in the streets by uniformed Blackguards on duty.

The White Paper emphasises that the documents published

GOING INTO HELL

Horrific descriptions are given from former prisoners of the conditions in Buchenwald concentration camp near Weimar. The camp superintendent, Ruedi, told a batch of fresh prisoners: "Some of you have already been in gaol. What you tasted there is nothing to what you are going to get here. You are coming into concentration camp and that means you are coming into hell. Any attempt at opposing the authority of guards and you will be shot out of hand. We have only two kinds of punishment in this camp—lash and death penalty."

The working hours in Buchenwald are from 6 a.m. to 10 p.m. (Continued on Page 7, Col. 4)

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adleters Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE", if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words "Box No. (—)", "The Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPE-WRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

48. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted B. Com., G.D.A., R.A., Accountants. Maharashtrians preferred. Apply Box No. 12440, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Sub-Overseers, Elec. and Mech. Engineers, Lawyers, Doctors, Graduates and Clerks. Apply for terms to Box No. 12442, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted two accountants and four clerks on Rs. 50 to Rs. 125 p.m. See personally or apply with one anna postal stamp. Manager, Trade Co-operative Society, 45, Janikar Street, Haji Habib Building, Koliwada, Bombay. (12430)

Applications with testimonials, stating age, qualifications and minimum salary are invited for the post of lecturer in Biology at M.T.B. College, Surat. Applications should reach the Principal on or before 4th November. The appointment will be upto the end of the second term in the first instance. (1227)

For Suburban school female or male treasurer. Must do part time teaching in lower classes. Cash security Rs. 1,500. Start Rs. 35. Apply Box No. 12436, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a good Confectioner, experienced in fancy work for a first class restaurant. Apply with references to Box No. 12422, "Bombay Chronicle."

Opportunity to join Bank Service. Meet Agency Manager, Eastern National Bank, Ltd., Camp 9-D, Fatma Manzil, Colaba Road. Application forms will be supplied. (12422)

Wanted Supervisor on Rs. 100 per month for a Bank to appoint Agents to invest Loan, etc. No guaranteed business required. Eastern National Bank, Ltd., 21A, Canning St., Calcutta. (12408)

276. PALMISTS

Listen to the silent Message of your hands and profit by their revelations in remoulding your destiny. Send annas 9 P.O. for self impression form. The Palmists Guild, Lucknow. (12437)

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted—Agents for Kerosene and Petrol sales throughout India. Apply with one anna postal stamp, Manager, Trade Co-operative Society, 45 Janikar Street, Haji Habib Building, Koliwada, Bombay. (12429)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements
Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

Per column inch per insertion.
1st Insertion Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
CITY ENGINEER'S DEPARTMENT
(Works Branch)

NOTICE

TENDERS for the work of construction of an Ovoid Sewer in Road No. 15 to the south of the Sump Well at Wadala, in Scheme No. 57, Sewer-Wadala, will be received upto 1 p.m. (Bombay Time) on FRIDAY, the 17th November, 1939.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay, enclosed in a sealed envelope bearing the description of the tender. Forms of tender, specification, etc., will be issued on payment of Rupees Five to any one deputed to receive them by the City Engineer, who will on application give any further information that may be required.

In case of a firm, the names of all the partners must invariably be specified in the tender. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

(Sd.) N. V. MODAK,
City Engineer.

City Engineer's Department
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 27-10-1939. (1291)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

NOTICE

Ward No. 7 (Dhobi Talao and Fanawadi) By-election.

Mr. PARASHURAM DETARAM SHAMDASANI, one of the two candidates contesting the above By-election having withdrawn from the contest, before the day notified for the Poll, Mr. VITHALDAS DAMODAR GOVINDJI is deemed, under Section 26(2) (j) of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888 as amended up-to-date, to have been duly elected a Councillor in the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. Gunavant Vrajdas Kapadia, B.A., LL.B., an elected councillor from Ward No. 7 (Dhobi Talao and Fanawadi).

M. D. BHAT,
Municipal Commissioner
for the City of Bombay.
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 30th October, 1939. 1294.

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, BURMA.

APPLICATIONS for one post on Rs. 500-502-1,000 per annum, inclusive of all allowances, in the Engineering Branch of the Burma Marine Service, are invited from British subjects over 30 years of age holding a First Class Board of Trade Certificate. Preference will be given to candidates who possess the Extra First Class Certificate or are fully qualified as Board of Trade Engineer and Ship Surveyor. The appointment will be on contract for 3 or 5 years according to the qualifications and experience of the selected candidate, with the possibility of renewal for another 5 years should the contract be for 5 years. Further particulars may be obtained on application to the Secretary, Public Service Commission, Law Courts building, Rangoon.

2. Applications accompanied by copies of certificates and testimonials and documentary evidence of age, which should be IN ORIGINAL WITH COPIES THEREOF should reach the Secretary Public Service Commission, Burma, on or before the 18th November, 1939.

SAN PE,
Secretary,
Public Service Commission,
Burma,
Rangoon, October 4th, 1939. (1211)

Public Notices

G. I. P. RAILWAY

RATE CIRCULAR.

A NEW RATE CIRCULAR, viz., Supplement to Foreign Rate Circular No. 5 of 1939, is being issued to-day.

Particulars may be obtained from the Chief Traffic Manager, Bombay, or stations.

1293.

NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED on or before 15-11-39 for the purchase of about 850 lbs. of Hermes brand, 60 lbs. Boots brand and 260 lbs. loose confiscated Saccharine. For further particulars apply to the Headquarters, Assistant to the Collector of Salt Revenue, Custom House, Madras.

1289.

STORES PURCHASE COMMITTEE NAWANAGAR STATE.
1939.

NOTICE

"1,00,000 BAGS OF CEMENT."

OFFERS IN SEALED ENVELOPES are invited upto 5th November, 1939, in the Office of the Undersigned, who does not bind himself to accept any particular or lowest offer, for 1,00,000 bags of Cement. Any foreign or Indian Make could be quoted; but the make should be specified with C.I.F. Bedi or F.O.R. Jamnagar rates, 10,000 bags out of these are to be delivered within 15 days after the order is placed and the rest to be delivered either in lots of 20,000 bags every two months, or in one lot at the option of the Contractor.

RAJ KUMAR SHREE HIMAT-SINHJI,
Colonel,
President,
Stores Purchase Committee,
Nawanagar State.

1287.

Legal Notices

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, THAKORDAS NATHUBHAI and MANCHURBHAI MAGANLAL, both of Surat Hindu Inhabitants have contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property situate at the Junction of Babu Khote Street and Banian Street.

ALL persons having any claim against or any right title or interest, in to or upon the said property by way of co-ownership or partnership or sale or mortgage or charge or trust or gift or maintenance or inheritance or residence or lease or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at 36, Tamarind Lane, Tamarind House, Fort, Bombay, within FOURTEEN days from the date hereof, failing which the said sale will be completed without reference to any such claim, right, title or interest and the same, if any, will be treated as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of Quit and ground rent land or ground with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at the junction of Babu Khote Street and Banian Street in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, in the island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 187 sq. yds. or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Nos. 8255, 8261 and 8257 New Survey Nos. 1225, 1226 and 1228 Cadastral Survey Nos. 2491-2492 of Bhuleswar Division and in the books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under 'C' Ward Nos. 5954, 6309 and Street Nos. 170 to 184-97 and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the North by Banian Street, on or towards the East by Babu Khote Street, on or towards the South by the property of Bhagwanji Kamdar and on or towards the West by the property of Venilal Vijbhukandas and which said premises are occupied by the tenants of the vendors.

Dated this 30th day of October, 1939.

GHULAMALI NOORANI & Co.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(1292)

Legal Notices

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

INSOLVENCY No. 607 of 1931.

Re: BAI GULBAI BOMANJI PETIT, of Bombay, Parsi Inhabitant, residing at Chateau Petit, Warden Road. An Insolvent. **NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN** that the abovesaid Insolvent has applied to the Court for her discharge and that the Court has fixed the 5th day of December, 1939, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon for hearing the application. Dated this 30th day of October, 1939.

S. J. RAHIMTOOLA,
Insolvency Registrar.
1288.

Auction Sales

THE SALE OF 4 ADLER MOTOR CARS will take place at Messrs. Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co.'s godown, Nicol Road, TO-DAY, at 3-30 P.M. as previously advertised. SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
123, Meadows Street, Bombay.

BENNETT & CO

AUCTION SALE OF EMPRESS AERATED WATER FACTORY WITH GOODWILL. Messrs. BENNETT & CO., under instructions from Messrs. Khanderao Laud & Co., Attorneys for Messrs. Harakchand Kapurchand Master & Co., the Mortgagees, and on account and at the risk of K. M. Katrak & Co., the Mortgagees will, on Friday, the 3rd November, 1939, at 3-30 P.M. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction at the factory premises at Dadar, Naigam Morbag, near Cement Chawls, the following:—
Rally pump, hand generator gasometer, filling machine tanks, electric motor with shafts and pulleys, etc.
Terms—Cash.

BENNETT & CO.

GANDHI & CO., Government Auctioneers.

SALE THIS DAY.

AUCTION SALE OF UNDIVIDED SHARE, RIGHT, TITLE AND INTEREST OF THE MORTGAGOR IN PROPERTY AT BAZAR GATE STREET. Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will under instructions from Messrs. Mahimtura & Co. Attorneys for Messrs. Jnanmal Gadmul and Mukundchand Anupchand, the Mortgagees, and on account and at the risk of Tricunddas Gopaldas, the Mortgagee, under Indenture of second Mortgage dated 12-1-1939, sell by Public Auction the undivided Share, Right Title and Interest of the Mortgagor in the Property on Tuesday the 31st day of October, 1939 at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) on the Premises.

Quit and ground rent tenure land with house situate at Bazar Gate Street admeasuring 192 square yards or thereabouts and registered under New Survey No. 1266 of Fort Division and under A Ward No. 2140. Street Nos. 111-115.

For further Particulars please apply to Messrs. Mahimtura & Co. Attorneys for the Mortgagees or to the Undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF STOCK-IN-TRADE OF TAILORS & OUTFITTERS SHOP.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO. Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction on Thursday, the 2nd November, 1939, at 12 noon at La-Mington Chambers, No. 396, La-Mington Road, by order of Messrs. Choksey & Co., Attorneys for Messrs. Himatmal Manji & Co., the Mortgagees and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Mahatre and Kulkarni, the Mortgagees:—
Stock-in-Trade of Mahatre & Kulkarni including Coating, Shirting, 6. Singer Sewing Machines and 2 Fiat Machines, Cupboards, Table chairs etc.
Terms:—50 P.C. Cash Deposit.

GANDHI & CO.,

KOHINOOR Cinema
Dadar
FLASH GORDON'S
TRIP TO MARS
DAILY TWO SHOWS:
6-30 & 10 P.M.
Full serial is shown in one show.

SAT. 4th NOV.

A T

IMPERIAL

4-15, 7 & 10 p.m.

also at 1 p.m. on Sat. SUN. & Holidays.

SABITA DEVI

IN

AS YOU PLEASE

with

MOTILAL

VASANTI KHURSHID MAZHAR

SUNALINI DEVI

Directed by SARVOTTAM BADAMI

ZANANA SHOW
TO-MORROW AT 1 P.M.

AT

WEST END

Other Shows at 4, 7, & 10 p.m.

General Films Ltd's

PATIPATNI

4th WEEK

SUCCESSFUL

AT

PATHE

Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

Sagar's Hilarious Farce

BHOLE BHOLE

OF POOR SWEETHEARTS

BOTH CAPITALS CAPTURED!

HUNS PICTURES' BRILLIANT SOCIAL SCREEN PLAY

"IN SEARCH OF HAPPINESS"

Starring:—

BAURAO

PENDHARKAR &

MEENAKSHEE

ATTRACTING HUGE CROWDS

BOTH in BOMBAY! and POONAI!

6th WEEK at

MAJESTIC

Bombay.

DAILY: 4-15, 7 & 10 P.M.

DIRECTOR

SHANTARAM'S

SENSATIONAL

MASTERPIECE!

PRABHAT'S

'ADMI'

AT

CENTRAL

(IN 8TH WEEK)

DAILY: 3-30, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

FIRST-RATE FAMILY ENTERTAINMENT

THAT HAS TAKEN BOMBAY BY STORM!!

SWASTIK

RUNNING

2ND WEEK

MOHAN PICTURES' SOCIAL HIT

A T

KRISHNA CINEMA

Directed By: MOHAN SINHA

Starring: KUMARI VINA, JIVAN (O. K. DAR), INDURANI, ETC.

DAILY AT 3-30, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

Released:—RAMNIKLAL MORANLAL & CO.

PROGRESS OF PROHIBITION IN THANA MAHAL

(From Our Correspondent).

THANA, Oct. 30.

About 75 persons including the Prohibition Guards, Divisional and Sub-Divisional Officers of Prohibition members of the Prohibition Committee and several local Congress workers were present yesterday in the District School Board Hall to meet Mr. V. S. Dongre, Bar-at-Law, G.O.C., Prohibition Guards, who along with his assistants came down from Bombay to discuss the difficulties and acquaint himself with the progress of prohibition in Thana Mahal.

Mr. N. T. Kelkar, Divisional Officer in charge of Thana Mahal read a report narrating the progress of prohibition. In the course of his report Mr. Kelkar pointed out that numerous villages just beyond the Thana creek are going in for illicit distillation of liquor which is smuggled and clandestinely sold in the dry area. He referred to the apathy of the Police and stressed the urgency of extending the prohibition limits so as to deter people from going to Kalyan or Bhiwandi to satisfy their thirst for liquor.

Mr. D. S. Bajpai said that illicit distillation was reported to be going on on a large scale in Koliwada near the Railway station, the Police Officers were not taking prompt measures as were expected of them.

Mr. W. A. Rege, one of the members of the Committee, adverted to the dangerous characters of those who traded in illicit distillation and fallen on it. If prohibition was to be a success, the guards must be assisted by armed police and described how in villages situate in hilly parts of the dry area, the illicit distillers and smugglers of liquor found it an easy job to give the slip to the police and thus defy the law.

After Mr. R. L. Rede, President of the Thana Town Congress Committee had spoken, Mr. Dongre, G.O.C., congratulated the prohibition guards and other workers and exhorted them to continue their work, unperturbed by the changing of political situation. After the meeting, Mr. Dongre along with the workers went round Koliwada and Pachpakhadi localities, said to be notorious for illicit distillation.

Sharadotsava At Matheran

(From A Correspondent).

On Friday last an interesting function took place at the Regal Hotel at Matheran in celebration of Sharadotsava. The function was characterised by a variety of garbas, dances, songs, dramatic pieces and Ras. Sjt. Bholabhai J. Dalal of Stock Exchange who presided, gave a discourse on the social importance of such festivals. Mrs. Maniben Mulji made an appeal to the youths to show the same ardour in politics as they showed on such social functions. The function terminated with "Vande Mataram" and light refreshments.

Jamkhandi's Efforts To Improve Lot Of Peasants

(From Our Correspondent).

Kolhapur, By Mail. The Rajasabab of Jamkhandi has just given his assent to the bill which was passed by the State Representative Assembly in its last July Session, known as the Farmer's Protection Bill, which is now published in the Jamkhandi State Gazette dated 24-10-1939, as the Farmer's Protection Act No. 1 of 1939.

The Rajasabab has given assent to another bill of the State Assembly, which amends the Bombay District Municipal Act 1901, Section 23 (7) in the following way:—"The term of office of every President and Vice-President shall be for a period not exceeding one year from the date of election to such post." This is known now as the Jamkhandi State Municipal Act No. 2 of 1939.

'DASARA' AT MATUNGA KANNADA SCHOOL

Kannada Education Society's Enterprise Appreciated

A pleasant function took place last Sunday in the 'Pearl Mansion', Matunga (G. I. P.) where the boys and girls of the National Kannada Education Society celebrated the final day of 'Dasara'. Prominent among those present were Mr. N. V. S. Murthy, Presidency Division Executive Engineer, Bombay and Mr. T. P. Kalliasam.

Dr. S. S. Iyer, Chemical Analyst, Imperial Customs Service, Bombay, presided on the occasion and said in the course of his speech that the attempts of the Kannadigas in North Bombay to provide education for their children in their own mother tongue were praiseworthy in the extreme. He appealed to all Kannadigas to co-operate in the work of the institution and to make it blossom into a Kannada University in due course.

Messrs. N. V. S. Murthy, K. N. Gaitonde, T. P. Kalliasam and N. N. Magal among the gentlemen present, and Mrs. Rajalakshmi Raghavan, on behalf of the ladies, also spoke appealing for support to the cause of Kannada education in Bombay generally and to the newly-started Primary School in Matunga in particular.

As a token of his sympathy for the cause Mr. N. V. S. Murthy announced the presentation of a globe to the school, besides becoming a life member. Another gentleman, who prefers to remain anonymous also became a life member.

PROVINCIAL POLICE & INDIAN ARMY

NEW DELHI, Oct. 27.

An Army order states:—
Recruiting authorities will not, on any account, enrol into the Indian Army any member of a Provincial Police Force without first obtaining from the Police authorities concerned a written certificate to the effect that the applicant has been permitted to resign from the Police.

In order to broaden the basis of recruitment for the Indian Army the present system by which recruits are demanded from sub-classes and sub-areas will cease forthwith.

Another army order regarding the Red Cross says that persons employed exclusively in the collection, transport and treatment of the wounded and sick or in the administration of the medical service, and also chaplains attached to the forces in the field are, if subject to military law, entitled in all circumstances to protection under the terms of international conventions.—United Press.

CAN M. L. A.'S ALLOWANCE BE ATTACHED?

LAHORE, Oct. 28.

Notice to show cause why he should not be arrested has been issued against Giani Kartarsingh, member of the Punjab Assembly, a judgment-debtor by the Additional Sessions Judge, Lahore, at the instance of the decree-holder, namely the Nankana Sahib Gurdwara's Committee, who alleged that with a view to avoid attachment of his allowance, Giani Kartarsingh had not submitted Bills of his allowance to the Secretary of the Legislative Assembly.

Giani Kartarsingh has been asked to appear before the Court on November 16.

COURT REJECTS PLEA

It will be recalled that the Committee obtained a decree against Giani Kartarsingh and others jointly and severally and applied to the Sessions Judge for attachment of his Assembly allowance against payment of the decretal amount, which was opposed by Giani Kartarsingh on the ground that the Assembly members' allowance was unattachable. But the court rejected the plea and held the allowance could be attached in satisfaction of the decree.

An appeal has been filed by Giani Kartarsingh against the order of the Sessions Judge, which is pending in the High Court.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

N. Y. COTTON
THREE POINTS UPQuiet And Irregular Tone
On Stock ExchangeSMALL OFFERINGS IN LONDON
SILVER MARKET

Broach Declines

BOMBAY, Oct. 30

The enthusiasm in New York cotton was restricted as there were no fresh developments both at home and abroad. Prices ruled steady on scattered trade buying.

Despite the steadiness of Liverpool Broach eased off to Rs. 201-4, the lowest price of date.

London Stock Exchange showed slight ebbiness. Gilt-edgeds attracted little enquiry. Among commodities Jute and Rubber ruled higher.

The forward rate in London silver was better by 5/16d. There was lack of follow-up in the local bullion markets due to profit-taking and liquidation.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK

COTTON PRICES

DECEMBER 1938	New York, Oct. 30
Previous closing	9.10
Today's opening	9.12
Difference	0.02
Today's closing	9.13
Difference	0.03

LIVERPOOL COTTON

JANUARY 1940	Liverpool, Oct. 30
Previous closing	5.80
Today's opening	5.85
Difference	0.05
Today's closing	5.85
Difference	0.05
Broach A/M Expectation	Rs. 201-8

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

The New York cotton market showed moderate activity owing to scattered purchases but the absence of any fresh developments, both at home and abroad, restricted enterprise.

The trading in December began at 9.12, i.e. two points higher than the last closing. Prices advanced on higher Liverpool cables and scattered trade buying but the general demand was limited owing to lack of incentives.

BOMBAY COTTON

Late Trading

Locally Broach April/May after opening at Rs. 202 advanced to Rs. 202-12 was closed steady at Rs. 201-4.

NEW YORK COTTON

Following were the opening ranges on New York Cotton Exchange:—

December (9.17/9.16) 9.12/9.12

March (9.17/9.16) 9.12/9.12

May (9.17/9.16) 9.12/9.12

Liverpool Cotton

Liverpool, Oct. 30
American January (5.80) 5.87
American March (5.78) 5.84
Giza November (7.28) 7.18
Giza January (7.28) 7.28

LONDON COMMODITIES

London, Oct. 30

METALS

Tin (£230 quiet) £230 quoted; quiet.

RUBBER

Spot (10 13/16 paid and buyers) 10 15/16 paid and buyers

Forward January March (10 13/16 paid and buyers) 10 15/16 paid and buyers

JUTES

Dundee November (£34 1/4) 33

Lightning November (£31 3/4) 33 3/4

BULLION

Influx (nil) nil

Withdrawal (nil) nil

Silver 27/16d.

Gold (£8-8-0) £8-8-0

PEPPER AND GINGER MARKET

(The Pepper and Ginger Merchants' Association Ltd.)

Pepper ready Alleppey per candy Rs. 38 8 0

Pepper ready Calicut per candy 87 8 0

Pepper Maha Sud 15th per candy 94 0 0

Pepper ready Lampung in C.F.F. per cwt. 12 8 0

Ginger ready unbleached per cwt. 16 0 0

Ginger ready bleached per cwt. 18 0 0

Ginger Maha Sud 15th per cwt. 19 8 0

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Oct. 30.

Yarn No. 6 1/2s. December 112; February 114.

Yarn No. 10 1/2s. December 129; February 132.

Yarn No. 20 1/2s. December 163 1/2; February 166 1/2.

Yarn No. 40s. December 222; February 225.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

INDIAN LOANS

London, Oct. 30
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£82 1/4) 82 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£81) 80 3/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£102 1/2) 102 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1955-60 (£105 1/4) 105 1/4
1/4 per cent Indian Stock 1945-53 (£100 1/4) 100 1/4
5 per cent 1942-47 (£104 1/4) 104 1/4
4 per cent (£94) 94 1/4

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent 1940-50 (£100 1/2) 100 3/4

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£88 1/8) 87 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£92 1/8) 91 7/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£102 1/2) 102 1/2
5 per cent Funding Loan (£104 1/4) 104 1/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£91 3/4) 91 3/8
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£103 5/8) 103 5/8

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (117 1/2) 117 1/2
Coals: Bengal 347; Central Kurkond 12 1/4; Equitable 35 1/2; Katras Jheriah 12 1/4
Hydro Electric (20 3/4) 20 3/4
Electric Music Industry (7-9) 7-9
Princing Johnson (22-20) 21-9
Imperial Chemical (39-3) 39-3
Woolworths (144 1/2) 144 1/2
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1933 (£19) 19
Dunlop Rubber (27-6) 27-4
Unilever Ordinary (31-0) 30-6
Ford Motors (144 1/2) 144 1/2
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£48 1/2) 48 1/2
British American Tobacco Ordinary (88-1 1/2) 88-1 1/2
Caracas 'A' (£5 1/4) 5 1/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (116-10 1/2) 115-7 1/2
P and O Def (20-1 1/2) 20-7 1/2
Distillers (66-3) 66-6
Bredford Dye (4-4) 4-4 1/2
British Celanese (63-6) 63-3
1 and P Coats Ordinary (23-6) 23-4 1/2
Courtauld Ordinary (28-6) 27-7 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners (4-6) 4-6
Vickers Limited Ordinary (17-7 1/2) 17-7 1/2

TEA SHARES

Assam (16-0) 16-0
Donar Tea (28-9) 28-9
Empire of India (23-0) 23-0

JUTES

Barnagore (£12 1/2) 12 1/2

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (26-5) 26-5
Gula Kelampungan (16-10 1/2) 16-10 1/2
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (30-6) 30-6

MINING SHARES

Nandiyedurg (31-3) 31-3
Burma Corporation (31-1/2) 31-3
Rio Tinto (£11 1/2) 11 1/2
East Rand Proprietary (45-3) 45-3
Rand Mines (£6 3/8) 6 3/8

MINE SHARES

Crown (£10 1/2) 10 1/2
Associated Portland Cement (70-0) 70-0
Trinidad Leasehold (67-6) 67-6
Sub Nigel (£10) 10
Spring Mines Split Shares (25-7 1/2) 25-7 1/2

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (25-7 1/2) 25-0
Anglo Persian (63-1 1/2) 62-6
Burma Oil (65-0) 64-1 1/2
Mexican Eagle (6-9) 6-9
Shell Transport (65-7 1/2) 65-7 1/2
Royal Dutch (£37 1/4) 36 1/2

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£29) 28 1/4
London Midland Ordinary (£10 1/2) 10 3/8
London North Eastern Def (£2 3/8) 2 1/4
London Southern Def (£10) 9 5/8
London Transport 5 per cent (£107 3/4) 108 3/4
London Transport 'C' (£65) 65

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Oct. 30

The following are the opening quotations:—

General Motors (55 3/8) 54 7/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (33 7/8) 33 1/4
U S Steel Common New Stock (40 1/2) 40 1/2
U S Steel Preference (119 3/4) 119 3/4

KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

Karachi, Oct. 30

Today's closing quotations:—

Cotton Seed January	19 1 0
Punjab January	15 12 0
Desi American January	21 14 3

Tone: Quiet.

Wheat November	26 9 9
January	27 10 0
July	29 8 6

Tone: Quiet.

Gram	33 6 0
January	34 9 0
July	31 5 6
February	43 7 0
October	42 1 6
Cottonseed January	20 15 9

KOLAR BAN LIFTED

KOLAR (Mysore), Oct. 30.

The District Magistrate, Kolar has cancelled the Order under Section 38, Mysore Police Act banning the holding of meetings in Robertsonpet and in the area five miles round it.—United Press.

The Government of India have nominated Dr. Hemandas R. Wadhvani, M.L.A. on the Medical Council of India from Sind with effect from October 19, 1939 vice Lt.-Col. N. Briggs, I.M.S. resigned.—United Press.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

All-Round Advance in Prices

Calcutta, Oct. 30

In sympathy with better business and strong outside support a large volume of business was put through at all round advancing prices. Coals ruled steady, although there was not much business. Good enquiry continued in teas but business was rather restricted.

Miscellaneous speculative issues ruled firm and fair amount of transactions were put through at much hardening prices. Other industrials also showed substantial advances over their last figures. Government securities ruled steady.

The following are closing quotations:—

Government securities: 3 per cent Pa. per 73; 3 1/2 per cent 85 1/2; 4 per cent loan 1945/52 86 1/2 small odd lot; 3 per cent loan 1951/54 87 1/2 small lot; 3 per cent new loan 1963/65 82 1/2; 3 1/2 per cent loan 1947/50 85 1/2 small lot; 4 per cent loan 1961/64 90 1/4 small odd lot; 4 1/2 per cent loan 1955/60 102 1/2; 5 per cent loan 1940/43 102; 5 per cent loan 1945/50 108 1/4 small lot.

Banks: Central 30; cdt Imperial fully paid 132 small lot; Conty 342; Reserve 101.

Cotton: Dunbar ord 174 1/8 small lot.

Coals: Bengal 347; Central Kurkond 12 1/4; Equitable 35 1/2; Katras Jheriah 12 1/4

Hydro Electric (20 3/4) 20 3/4

Electric Music Industry (7-9) 7-9

Princing Johnson (22-20) 21-9

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Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£48 1/2) 48 1/2

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Caracas 'A' (£5 1/4) 5 1/8

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P and O Def (20-1 1/2) 20-7 1/2

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Bredford Dye (4-4) 4-4 1/2

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1 and P Coats Ordinary (23-6) 23-4 1/2

Courtauld Ordinary (28-6) 27-7 1/2

Fine Cotton Spinners (4-6) 4-6

Vickers Limited Ordinary (17-7 1/2) 17-7 1/2

Inter Nickels (50 1/2) 49 3/4

Indian Iron (45-0) 46-10 1/2

MADRAS SHARE BAZAR

Madrass, Oct. 30

Cotton mill shares remained steady in the local market. Tea shares came in for a better enquiry. Public utilities also were enquired for at present levels.

Among miscellaneous issues industrials were stronger in sympathy with outside markets. Government securities remained quiet but steady.

Exchange transactions: 3 1/2 per cent G. P. Notes Rs. 88 1/4; 4 per cent 1948-50 G. P. Notes Rs. 97 1/4; 4 per cent 1943 G. P. Notes Rs. 101 1/4; 4 per cent 1953-63 Mysore Rs. 105 1/8; Reserve Bank of India Rs. 105; Buckingham's Rs. 195; Lakshmi Mills Rs. 36; Kalpettas Rs. 14/10; Coorg Rubbers Rs. 20/4; Periakaramalai Rs. 16; Chembra Peaks Rs. 27/6; Mysore Sugars Rs. 36/2; Travancore Sugars Rs. 8/8, 8/12; East Tanjore Elecs Rs. 12; East Tanjore 5 per cent Assurance Rs. 107 1/4; Mysore Paper Rs. 10/8, 10/10, 10/12, 10/14, 11; Spencer and Co A Rs. 7/2; Steel Corporation of Bengal ordy Rs. 17/8, 17/7, 17/9; Tata ordy Rs. 345/8, 345/12, 346/8, 347/8; Dmer, Tata ordy Rs. 17/11, 17/10, 17/9; Nov. 1735 Decr; Indian Irons Rs. 33/1, 33/2, 33/4, 33/8, 33/9, 33/10, 33/12, 33/14 cd; Burma Corporation Rs. 6/3, 6/4.

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay, Oct. 30.

Yellow Metal Sheet Rs. 52 0 0

Copper Sheet Rs. 71 0 0

Tone: Steady.

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, Oct. 30.

Sup Fine F.G. Good

M. G.—

Bengal U.P. 161 158 155 152

Punjab 161 158 155 152

New York Sugar

New York, Oct. 28.

January 1.78, March 1.86, May 1.90; July 1.98.

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, Oct. 30.

(Through the Seeds Traders' Association, Ltd.)

Castor-seeds May—

Opening	Rs. 40 8 0
Highest	40 12 0
Lowest	40 6 0
Closing	40 8 0

Groundnuts Feb—

Opening	36 10 3
Highest	36 14 0
Lowest	36 9 0
Closing	36 10 3

Cottonseeds Jan.—

Opening	24 11 6
Highest	24 15 3
Lowest	24 11 0
Closing	24 11 9

American Cotton Figures

F.P. Bales

Receipts to date	1939-40	1938-39
2761000	2107000	

Receipts Yesterday

28-10-39	25000	25000
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Exports to date

28-10-39	1653000	1653000
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Stock at Ports

27-10-39	2809000	3211000
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Stock at Interior

27-10-39	3484000	3383000
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Stock at Liverpool

27-10-39	—	1103000
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Visible Supply

27-10-39	—	7915000
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Quantity in sight

27-10-39	602600	4979000
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Quantity out of sight

27-10-39	—	2689000
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ALL-INDIA WEATHER REPORT

Premier's Resolution & Indian Merchants' Chamber

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, Oct. 30

The following are the maximum-minimum temperature and rainfall figures recorded at various stations during twenty-four hours ending 8 a.m. today:—

Station	Max.	Min.	Past 24 hours	Total since 1st June	Difference to Normal
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Agra 90 53 — 38.8 +14.3

Amritsar 90 69 — 24.7 — 3.2

Alkora 93 66 — 25.4 — 3.2

Ahmedabad 99 72 — 19.7 — 8.3

Ajmer 88 61 — 7.5 — 11.1

Belgaum 86 65 — 12.7 — 8.8

Bengaluru 90 55 — 18.5 — 5.6

Bharatpur 91 64 — 46.1 —

Bombay 89 56 — 29.2 — 10.3

Bareilly 85 77 — 54.2 — 14.8

Bangalore 81 63 — 23.3 — 1.9

Bhopal 89 60 — 46.3 —

Bikaner 87 59 — 24.7 —

Bilaspur

BOMBAY and SUBURBS

Local Engagements

To-day

Hindu: Ashwin Vadi 2, 1939
Muslim: Raman 16, 1338
Parsi: Ardibehesht 26, 1339
High tide: 1:36, 13:25
Low tide: 7:34, 19:25
Sunrise: 6h 32m.
Sunset: 6h 7m.

FIRING AT COLABA
Firing with heavy guns will be carried out at Colaba on 15th November, 1939 from 08-00 to 13-00 hours.
(Times given are approximate and every endeavour will be made to adhere to them, but unavoidable delays may occur as a result of traffic in the harbour and its approaches.)

METRO
DAILY AT 3:30-6:30-10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045



ON BORROWED TIME
with **LIONEL BARRYMORE**
Sir Cedric Hardwicke
Sue Barton
Babs Watson, Hal Pendleton
Henry Travers, Grant Mitchell
Produced by Sidney Franklin

ALSO LATEST OFFICIAL WAR NEWS!

NEXT ATTRACTION!
THE HARDY FAMILY!
IN
"ANDY HARDY GETS SPRING FEVER"
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture

BOMBAY SAFE DEPOSIT Co., Ltd.

THE Company have pleasure in announcing that the rentals of certain classes of their Integer Safes have been reduced with retrospective effect as and from 1st July, 1939.

All renters will be notified individually within the next few days of the benefit that they will be entitled to under this reduction of rentals.

FORBES, FORBES, CAMPBELL & Co., Ltd.

Agents.



ATLANTIS (East) LTD.,
20/1, Chetia Road,
CALCUTTA.

Protect that Precious Life!
Precious lives—mother and baby—everything must be done to protect them. Above all be careful what antiseptic you use. 'Dettol,' the new modern antiseptic, is perfectly safe at childbirth. Many maternity hospitals use it. Take no risks—get 'Dettol.' Ask your doctor or nurse—they use it.

'DETTOL'
THE MODERN ANTISEPTIC

Amusements Of The Day

CAPITAL—"Mutiny of the Elsinore". Daily at 4, 6:30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Second Fiddle". Daily at 4, 6:30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"On Borrowed Time." Daily at 3:30, 6:30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"The Royal Hawaiian Entertainers". Daily at 6:30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Five Came Back". Daily at 4, 6:30 and 10 p.m.
DIAMOND—"Tying G-Men". Daily at 3:30, 6:30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Bhole Bhole". Daily at 3:30, 6:30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Kangan". Daily at 3:30, 6:30 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Pati-Patni". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.

SAFETY FIRST ASSOCIATION OF INDIA
Lecture on "A. R. P. applied to Electrical and Water Supply Undertakings" by Major R. W. J. Dunn, R. E., at 6:45 p.m. today (Tuesday) in the Conference Hall, Electric House, Mr. N. V. Modak, City Engineer, will preside; open to members only.

PROHIBITION PROPAGANDA
Under the auspices of the Prohibition Propaganda Board, a public meeting has been arranged in the compound of Gopi Tank, Municipal Boys' School, L. J. Road, Mahim to-day (Tuesday) at 8:30 p.m., when prominent speakers will address. A Rashtriya Mela programme also has been arranged at the same time and place.

BOMBAY-POONA CYCLE RACE
A Bombay-Poona Cycle Race will be promoted annually by the Oriental Athletics Club. This year the race will be promoted on Sunday, 24th December, 1939. Particulars can be had from the Honorary General Secretary, 3rd floor, Hornby Mansion, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

FOR CONGRESS ENROLLING OFFICERS
The General Secretaries, B. P. C. C. write:—
Enrolling Officers are hereby requested to take the Voters' Cards lying at the B. P. C. C. and various District Congress Committees' Offices and distribute the same to the primary members concerned without further delay as this would greatly facilitate the members who are desirous of inspecting the Membership Registers now kept open for inspection at the District Congress Committees' Offices.

BOMBAY STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD
The Bombay Students' Brotherhood is arranging for a whole-day excursion to Versova (Andheri) on Sunday, November 12, 1939. A nominal subscription of Re. 1 for members and Re. 1.4 for non-members will be charged. Those desirous of joining the party are requested to give their names and subscriptions to the Secretary at the Office of the Brotherhood, Muslim Students' Union premises, Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge, Chappati, on or before Wednesday, November 8, 1939.

FLAG SALUTATION AT THANA

(From Our Correspondent)
THANA, Oct. 30
"The flag which you are holding aloft does not stand for a particular caste or creed and to my mind it is a beautiful symbol of unity and a selfless service to humanity," thus declared the Hon. Mr. Mangal-das Pakvasa, President, the Bombay Legislative Council last evening while presiding at a big rally of the Thana District School Board Boys Scouts held in the premises of the Samarth Mandir.
A gathering of about two thousand persons including five hundred ladies was present. Prominent amongst those present were Prof. V. G. Rao, the Provincial Scouts Commissioner, Mrs. Sunawala, Commissioner Girl Guides, Mrs. Kirtane from Dahanu, Mr. V. V. Kirtane, District Scout Commissioner and Mr. G. G. Bhosekar, Scouts Organizer of the Hindusthan Scouts Association.
Mr. Kirtane in his welcome speech said that the Scout movement aims at the national development of the Youth of the country and encourages a spirit of discipline and social service. Messrs. Takle, Assistant Scout Commissioner, Thana District, Prof. Rao and Mrs. Sunawala also spoke on the occasion. The function terminated late at night after a number of interesting sports was gone through, followed by a hearty vote of thanks by Mr. Nargolkar.

A Veteran Headmaster Honoured

Bombay, Monday.
Mr. M. M. Pai, the Veteran Headmaster of the Ghibi High School, Kumbhla, who had connection with the same institution for the last 31 years, ever since its inception and who is in Bombay on a short visit, was given a reception last evening in the premises of the Robert Mission School by a large number of his old students, friends and admirers. Dr. Baliga occupied the chair. In a nicely decorated silver casket, besides the distinguished President, Messrs. R. K. Prabhu, Telang and Shanbhogue, among others, spoke about the good qualities of the head and heart of the chief guest, which even the old boys of his old boys, though he was a very strict disciplinarian. The function ended with the taking of a group photo and a tea party.

THANA AND KOLABA DISTRICT STUDENTS' CONFERENCE
A conference of students from Thana and Kolaba Districts is to be held at Thana on the 4th and 6th of November 1939 is now known to all. Mr. Menankar, Sholapur, Labour leader will preside over the Conference. Sane Guraji, the well-known Congress worker of Khandesh will deliver the inaugural address.

About 500 students in Thana have enrolled themselves as the members of the Reception Committee. The election of the Executive of the Reception Committee took place on 21st of October, 1939. Mr. D. V. Haladankar has been unanimously elected as a chairman of the Reception Committee. The students at various places should elect their delegates to the Conference and send in their names to the Organising Secretary on or before the 1st of November, 1939.

SAD DEMISE OF A POPULAR DESH SEVKA
Mrs. Laxmibehn Aji Desai, a popular worker and a member of the Managing Council of 'C' Ward District Congress Committee, expired in Harkisondas Hospital on Monday morning. She was the wife of Mr. Aji Desai, a well-known Congress worker. Her thirteenth birthday will be held at Sasawati Prasad, Lajpat Road, Vile Parle at 6 p.m. (S.T.) to-day (Tuesday).

WARNING TO HAJ PILGRIMS

The following letter dated 25th October 1939, from the Agent to His Majesty King Ibn Saud at Bombay, addressed to the Executive Officer, Port Haj Committee, Bombay:—

"I have the honour of forwarding you for your Committee's information a copy of the telegram received by me from His Excellency the Finance Minister of Saudi Arabia. The copy of this cable is as follows:—
"The rates and pilgrim taxes are the same as fixed last year.
Pilgrims coming via Iraq should hire cars from Iraq to Medina on their account. Pilgrims coming via Hausa (Persian Gulf) should pay seven Sovereigns over and above the fixed taxes for transport on lorries and eleven Sovereigns for travelling by small cars."

As the above matter is of pilgrim interest, I hope your Committee will give it a wide publicity."



WHEREABOUTS NOT KNOWN?

Mr. Vassumal Tahiram Thad-hani, who is reported to be missing since his discharge from the K. E. M. Hospital about the middle of last month, where he was an indoor patient.

PRISONERS ATTACK POLICE

Four Persons Dead: Two Injured

(From Our Correspondent)
AHMEDABAD, Oct. 30.
Some prisoners from Karachi under an armed police guard were taken to Belgaum when they tried to assault the armed police at Ahmedabad Station this noon. One prisoner snatched a gun from the police and attacked him, when the other police fired on the prisoners. The result was four of them died and two were seriously injured. With one injured policeman they were removed to hospital.

COTTON GODOWN GUTTED

SHOLAPUR, Oct. 30.
Cotton bales valued at about Rs. 50,000 were completely gutted by fire in a godown in a mill here last night.
Fire fighters and hose pipes were immediately put into operation and they saved further damage.—A. P.

JAIPUR RULER MAKING STEADY PROGRESS

BOMBAY, Monday.
The Maharaja of Jaipur who is lying in a special ward in the K. E. M. Hospital as a result of injuries sustained in the air-crash at Juhu yesterday, is reported to be making steady progress to-day.
Inquiries made at the Hospital show that there is no cause for anxiety.

BAJAJ VISITS JAIPUR RULER

BOMBAY, Monday.
Seth Jamnabai Bajaj, a member of the Congress Working Committee, who was receiving medical treatment at Poona, arrived here this morning on receipt of the news of aeroplane crash at Juhu in which His Highness the Maharaja of Jaipur and party were involved. He alighted at Dadar station wherefrom he proceeded straight to the K. E. M. Hospital to see His Highness. Seth Bajaj received the news with deep sorrow and intense anxiety for the life of the Maharaja.

Seth Bajaj intends to proceed to Poona to continue his medical treatment when he is fully convinced of the safety of His Highness.—United Press.

The Juhu Accident

Further inquiry reveals that the late Mr. N. G. Gadgil was not the pilot who was involved in a minor accident last year, as reported in "The Chronicle" of yesterday. Mr. Gadgil had a fine record of service and his piloting career was without any mishap. It is regrettable that such a first rate airman should have met with his end at so young an age and in such tragic circumstances.

Rulers Of Kapurthala And Rajpipla Return From Europe

BOMBAY, Monday.
Among the distinguished arrivals by the Italian mail-boat "Conte Verde" which berthed at the Mole this morning were several Indian Princes.
The following members of the princely order who were held up in various parts of Europe due to the sudden declaration of hostilities on the continent were among them.
The Prince and Princess of Bear, Prince Moazam Jah and his wife Princess Nilonfer, The Maharajahs of Kapurthala and Rajpipla.

AROUND THE COURTS

Bombay, Monday.

The inquest on the body of Nահահar Gopal Gadgil (30) who died of severe injuries in an aeroplane crash on Sunday at Juhu, was today adjourned to November 9.
The Resident Medical Officer of the K. E. M. Hospital explained to the jury that in his opinion Mr. Gadgil the (Pilot) died as a result of shock following injuries which he sustained due to an aeroplane crash prior to his admission to the Hospital.

Day's Jail And Fine For Profiteering

Mohammed Ali Waligi, a retail merchant at Bhat Bazar, Mandvi, was sentenced to a day's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 201, or in default three months R. I. by Mr. Oscar Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court, on a charge of profiteering. Accused was alleged to have sold to a plain clothed Police man on September 21, a bag of rice at a price, which was 34 per cent. higher than that on September 1, and thus 14 per cent more than the margin allowed by the Government.

The defence of the accused was that he had brought the rice from a wholesale merchant only the previous day at Rs. 65/- and that by selling at Rs. 70 he had only made a profit of about Rs. 5/-.

His Worship remarked that he was awarding the accused the minimum possible sentence firstly, because the actual margin of profit made by the accused was not large and secondly, it was the first offence of the kind. He however, added that the similar cases in future would be dealt with more severely.

THEFT CASE ACCUSED REMANDED IN CUSTODY

On a charge of theft of a gold necklace from the person of a child which was being carried by its mother, Abbas Alladin was arrested by the Mahim Police near Tulsi Pipe Road. He was placed, to-day, before Mr. G. A. Sabin, Presidency Magistrate, Dadar, who ordered him to be remanded in custody.

The story how the wife of an accused person, arrested in connection with a theft case, was cheated to the extent of Rs. 50 was narrated before Mr. T. T. Barodawalla, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum to-day.

It was alleged that the complainant gave a sum of Rs. 50 to one Sk. Amin Sk. Babu with a view to getting her husband released from Police custody. For four days she waited for her husband's release, then went to Sk. Amin Sk. Babu, who told her that every arrangement was being made to secure his release and advised her not to worry. Suspecting his honesty she approached the authorities herself and lodged a complaint against him. Consequently he was arrested on a charge of cheating. He was ordered to be remanded into custody till the November 9.

CHARGED WITH KEEPING CHARAS WITHOUT PERMIT

Two men were arrested by the City Police, on a charge of possessing charas.
They were ordered to be remanded into Police custody by the Presidency Magistrate, to-day, at Esplanade Police Court.

NATIONAL PLANNING

Communications Sub-Committee Meeting

BOMBAY, Oct. 30.
The Sub-Committee on Communications Services of the National Planning Committee met yesterday and to-day at the Committee's office under the chairmanship of Sir Rahmatullah Chinnoy. Among those present were Mr. S. K. Mitra, Secretary of the Sub-Committee, Mr. S. C. Chakravarty, Mr. S. R. Kantadkar and others.
The Sub-Committee resolved to co-opt Mr. P. N. Mitra, Mr. P. N. Mukherjee and Rao Bahadur C. V. Krishnaswami Chetty.
The next meeting of the sub-committee is likely to be held in Calcutta by the middle of January next. The Sub-Committee expects to complete its report by the end of February next.—United Press.

DY. COLLECTOR'S SUIT AGAINST GOVT.

Damages Claimed For Alleged Wrongful Dismissal

Mr. Justice Somjee at the High Court heard the suit filed by Gulam Mustafa Usman Isani claiming damages from the Secretary of State for India for alleged wrongful dismissal from his post of Deputy Collector in the Bombay Provincial Service, by an order of the Bombay Government, dated November 12, 1934.

The plaintiff stated that there was no proper enquiry by the Government with regard to the charge against him and that he was denied an opportunity of defending himself properly.

In his judgment, his lordship observed that there was no doubt that under the provisions of Section 96 (b) of the Government of India Act of 1915 as amended by the Act of 1919, the plaintiff as the servant of the Crown in India held his office during his Majesty's pleasure, and on his dismissal by the authorities appointing him, he had no actionable right against the Secretary of State for India.

The Privy Council had held that the only remedy available to the plaintiff was by a petition to the Governor of the Province and not in a court of law.

His lordship dismissed the suit with costs.

ALLEGED CONTEMPT OF COURT

The notice of motion taken out by Nadirshaw A. Daruwalla against Sorabji R. Banatwalla came up for hearing before Mr. Justice Kanale.

The plaintiff alleged that since he had filed a suit against the defendant, the latter had been threatening him and his solicitors with a view to deter them from proceeding with the case. In this way, the defendant had tried to interfere in the administration of justice. The plaintiff therefore prayed that action be taken against the defendant for contempt of court.

At the hearing of the notice of motion, the defendant tendered an apology for any contempt of court, if committed by him, and also gave an undertaking not to harass the plaintiff and his solicitors in future.

His lordship accepted the apology and made no order on the notice of motion except that the defendant should pay the plaintiff's costs.

Mr. N. P. Engineer, instructed by Messrs. Dastur and Co., appeared for the plaintiff. The defendant appeared in person.

PUPILS' OWN SCHOOL

A Pleasant Variety Entertainment

The variety entertainment presented by the Pupils' Own School, Vile-Parle, at the New Empire Theatre, on Sunday, was novel in the sense that it consisted of two complete pieces which represented a happy combination of music, dance and drama. The programme was unusually lengthy with the result that the last item had to be dropped.

"Usha-Dance," the opening scene reflected originality of conception. The gentle dance of the dawn provided a delightful contrast with the vigorous dance of the sun. The entry of the rising sun with the appropriate light-effects symbolically heralded the birth of the enlightened.

The next item was the representation, mainly through dances and vocal music, of the birth, enlightenment, temptation and first sermon of Buddha in seven scenes, which were admirably acted by the students. The character of Buddha needed at times more emphasis on its representation. Group-dances were remarkable for rhythmic and graceful movements and added considerably to the success of the performance, but left no scope for the display of individual talent.

"Hunter of Peasants" depicted in seven scenes the simplicity, honesty and devoutness of the life of the peasantry of Gujarat. Surrender of the simple folks to the temptation of the evil influence of liquor followed by repentance was the important development of the plot. The monotony of the scenes representing Kalyuga and his accomplices was pleasantly relieved by the light touches of humour in the dialogues. Costumes, dialogues, songs and Ras were reminiscent of rural life of Gujarat.

SCIATICA RAN IN THE FAMILY

Grandfather, Father, Grandson Were Victims

KRUSCHEN ENDS FAMILY CURSE

Sciatica and lumbago ran in this family. Grandfather, father, and grandson suffered from both these agonising complaints. But the grandson found a way to end the family curse. His letter tells how he did it:—

"Up to 10 years ago, I suffered from sciatica and lumbago. In fact, one week, I had to be 'ironed out' every morning before I could go to my work. My grandfather and my father had sciatica and lumbago, so I suppose it was hereditary. Ten years ago, I started taking Kruschen Salts, and since then I have never had a suspicion of a pain. I never take anything else but my daily dose of Kruschen, year in and year out."—G.R.L.

Sciatica and lumbago are commonly caused by too much uric acid in the body. If you can keep down the excess of uric acid every day, it stands to reason that you will not have to suffer any more.

That is just what Kruschen does—it rids the blood of poisonous uric acid. If there are deposits in the muscle sheaths, as in lumbago—or piercing the nerves, as in sciatica—or in the joints, as in rheumatism, Kruschen Salts dissolves them and assists Nature to pass them out of the body. And as they go, aches and pains go too!

Kruschen Salts is obtainable at all Chemists, Stores and Bazaars.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY, TUESDAY, OCTOBER, 31 1939

THE PACE QUICKENS

Non-Congress party leaders of Madras having declined to form a Ministry, the Governor has accepted the resignations of the Congress Ministers and has taken over the administration of the Province under Section 93 of the Government of India Act. That Section empowers the Governor to "assume to himself all or any of the powers vested in or exercisable by any Provincial body or authority except those of the High Court," and he has already issued a Proclamation assuming those powers. As Indian party leaders have declined to act even as his Advisers—this is indeed a tribute to the strength of the Congress and to the justice of its attitude—the Governor has constituted an Advisory Board consisting of three Europeans who are all officials. The mere acceptance of the Ministers' resignations is not necessarily indicative of a policy that banters the door against a settlement with the Congress. The resignations could not have remained unaccepted indefinitely as the situation as a whole does not hold out a hope of such a settlement in the immediate future. If by any miracle a settlement is arrived at soon, the Proclamation can and will be revoked at once.

The Last Opportunity

Meanwhile, the U. P. Ministry, too, has resigned, the Bombay Ministry resigns to-day and other Congress Ministries will follow in a day or two. We shall not speculate where non-Congress Ministries of a sort may be set up for the time being and where it will be impossible. But one thing is certain that, if any interim Ministry is formed, it cannot face legislation without being censured. In almost all Congress Provinces, therefore, the Governor will have to take over the administration as has been done in Madras. Wherever this is done the Governor's Proclamation under Section 93 has to be "communicated forthwith to the Secretary of State and shall be laid by him before each House of Parliament." All these Proclamations will be considered by Parliament together and it will also be informed in the mean time of the

further conversations with leaders that the Viceroy has decided on. The debate in Parliament on this occasion will probably be the last natural opportunity for the British Government to make a declaration on the lines demanded by the Congress.

What India Wants

If the Viceroy's second round of conversations is only with regard to the Consultative Committee, Congress leaders will have little to say on the subject unless the main demands about a declaration on Indian independence and immediate practical action in accordance with it are first conceded. The *Manchester Guardian* which has been following a vacillating policy towards India has so far reacted to the ministerial resignations as to suggest that the Consultative Committee should be so constituted and used as to become "the nucleus of the first responsible Government in India" and that representatives of the Congress and other leaders may be appointed "as heads of Government Departments and members of the Viceroy's Executive Council." These suggestions are slightly better than the present plan of the Consultative Committee. But they are no substitute for the declaration and suitable immediate action that India demands. Mr. J. A. Spender wonders why there should be any hesitation in promising Dominion Status to India. Probably vested interests stand in the way or perhaps the fond belief that the Congress is not now representative enough and that, therefore, in spite of its non-cooperation, Britain can get all the support from India that she needs in the war. This Sir Samuel Hoare would not own. He rather holds the minority interests in India responsible for Britain's inability to concede Dominion Status to India by a prescribed date. If that is the real difficulty why do not the British Government say straightforwardly that as soon as India presents a united demand it will be conceded as a matter of course? In the absence of even such a declaration the Congress is perfectly justified in regarding the Government's talk of difficulties about minorities as a mere smoke screen to hide their real imperialist aims.

A Constitutional Fraud

The reforms announced by the Rajkot Darbar will give even a saint like Gandhiji the shock of his life, despite all his faith in his "new technique" in popular agitation in the States. They are worse than the reforms conferred on the people by the late Ruler and a flagrant violation of the present Ruler's solemn pledge to transfer to the people the widest possible powers subject only to his obligations to the Paramount Power. As Mr. Dhebar, the President of the Rajkot Praja Parishad, points out, universal franchise, enjoyed by the people for a decade and a half, has been abolished and high property qualifications have been introduced which will disfranchise large sections of the people. Owing to 33 per cent nominated members in the Legislative Assembly and special reservation of seats for certain minorities, the majority of about 80 per cent. of the total population has been reduced to about 44 per cent. The powers of the Assembly are extremely

limited and those of the Ministers more limited still, their responsibility to the legislature being made a mockery. As Ministers cannot be removed except by a three-fourths majority in a body one-third of which consists of nominated members, they will be only creatures of the Ruler.

Mr. Dhebar puts it mildly when he says of the whole constitution that "a greater camouflage has rarely been seen." It will not be exaggeration to say that it is a constitutional fraud perpetrated by an unhappy people who had suffered terribly in their struggle for freedom at the hands of a Ruler who does not value his own solemn promise and who is under the sinister influence of a crafty adviser. There can be no peace in the State till the Ruler's Pledge of December, 1937, is more worthily fulfilled. The authorities are sadly mistaken if they interpret Gandhiji's new technique to be surrender to their sweet will.

Hitler Expects Stalin

The "important decision," which is due to be announced after the meeting of the Supreme Soviet Council, has provoked keen speculations. That it will be of the greatest importance to Germany is undoubted. And the Nazis are justified in, at least, hoping that the Council meeting will prove "a turning point in the war." But how? One suggestion has been that Russia will start an offensive in the Balkans. But that would be courting grave risks in view of the "leader" of the Balkan bloc,

The other alternative—short, that is to say, of war—is, of course, unlimited assistance to Germany by supplying not only raw materials but also finished instruments of war, particularly aeroplanes and tanks—there has somewhere been a suggestion of a loan of Soviet submarines but we do not believe it. This assistance is quite likely. For one thing, even Herr Hitler must be aware that an invasion of Britain would be suicidal without it. We do not think Russia will go beyond it. But M. Stalin is more unpredictable than even Signor Mussolini.

OUR EUROPEAN LETTER

Situation In Germany

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, Sept. 18.

(Delayed in transmission).

Roumania has newly called further contingents of reservists to colours. Their number is estimated at round two hundred thousands. Turkey has issued an order prohibiting the export of coal and oil as also the transit of these commodities over Turkish territory. Turkish steamers in foreign waters have been ordered to get back to Turkish ports. Important museums in Constantinople have been closed and highly valued treasures transported to Anatolia. New reservists have been called up for active service also in Belgium. The total in Belgium now under arms is reckoned at seven hundred thousands. The Swedish Parliament has just passed a supplementary budget of 553 million Crowns for strengthening the military forces. Sweden has practically doubled her defence expenditure. Also Norway has passed a supplementary military budget. In the Lithuanian capital, trenches are being laid out and from Kaunas round thirty-five thousands have been evacuated. Evacuation of inhabitants are being carried out as well in Bucharest.

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There is keen estimation in many quarters of the fact that a firmness in the stand of the Western Powers is to a very great extent

The War Goes On!

Hitler's Challenge To Be Met In The Air

Those 3,000 Bombers Would Get A "Hot" Reception

(By Our Special Correspondent)

Except for the conflict on the High Seas (where the capture of enemy shipping and contraband may be said to have balanced the loss of British ships), the war is again being fought mainly on the diplomatic front.

With an almost tedious lack of activity on the Western Front, world interest now centres round the Supreme Soviet Council meeting to-day. Italian reactions to the German-Russian menace in the Balkans and the revival of British efforts to enlist the sympathy and support of the Indian nationalists.

Whither Soviet Russia?

Of more than ordinary significance are the Russo-German trade talks, for on the result of these negotiations may depend the future course of the war inasmuch as the successful Allied blockade has left only Soviet Russia from where Hitler can import the arms and raw materials without which his military machine must collapse. The Anglo-Soviet trade talks thus assume corresponding importance and with Mr. Churchill looming larger and larger on the political horizon, a closer understanding between Britain and U.S.S.R. cannot be ruled out. The Russian invasion of Poland notwithstanding!

Hitler's position, perceptibly weakened by the pact with Turkey, has received another blow in the decision of the American Senate to repeal the embargo on arms, thus clearing the way for important changes in the Neutrality situation.

Hitler Checkmated!

It is, perhaps, due to this diplomatic offensive that Hitler has been forced to stay his hand and postpone that much-boosted attack on Britain. Of course, the fantastic scheme of "conveniently" and considerably broadcast to the Allies involving, among other things, the dropping of storm troopers by parachutes over England, is not to be taken seriously. But evidence is not lacking that Hitler has been contemplating an intensification of the offensive against the Allies. Troop movements have been noticed behind the German defences and the artillery fire on the

based on economic circumstances getting to play a strong and telling effect. Here, that is, in regard to economic circumstances. Germany definitely is in a weak position. And with the war continuing her position will become even weaker. Great Britain, as matters are, is in a position to extend an effective check on German supplies from outside. The total tonnage of the British fleet is almost as much as that of the combined fleets of Germany, Italy and Japan. Besides, Britain has many units under construction. France as well has a comparatively large fleet; the Italian is not stronger than the French. Basically Germany is not better situated to stand against a blockade than in the last war. In fact, certain close observers hold that Germany is in a worse position than in 1914 despite all autarchy attempts. In 1914 Germany was a creditor land, to-day she is heavily indebted to foreign countries. Germany's reserve in gold and foreign exchange, according to most favourable estimates, do not reach ten per cent. of that of 1914. Germany is dependent on imports for various categories of important supplies. Even assuming extension of supplies from Russia, there are products of great value and significance that cannot still be met without dependence on other and overseas sources, principally cotton, rubber, nickel, zinc,

copper, and above all, a product most essential for the war industry, iron ore. In 1938 Germany imported 23 million tons of iron ore, out of which 8 millions came from countries with whom Germany is already in a state of war. Germany has naturally strengthened her position by the understanding with Russia, but she has not made herself invulnerable. Sweden figured as an important source for the supply of iron ore to Germany. But supplies from Sweden have already slackened. The internal German market is in a very tight condition. Both France and Britain are in a much better position to increase their production and secure purchases from abroad. The gold reserve of France is to-day twice as much as that of 1914.

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All these are factors of considerable weight. Further, Germany will have to face an hostile Polish population, though temporarily held in subjection. As it is, the Czechs have been showing the need for sharper vigilance from the side of Nazi Germany. Millions of Czechs remain keenly restive. Extensive arrests have been carried out in the course of the last few days in Bohemia and Moravia. The number of those arrested in Prague is estimated as running into several thousands, most of them members of the famous "Sokol" orga-

nization of the Czechs. The arrests continue. In parts of Prague, as for instance in Karlin, a thickly populated region much in the centre of the town, people have been ordered not to move about in the nights. A quarter of a million German soldiers are stationed in Bohemia and Moravia, round sixty thousands alone in Prague. Nazi Germany has also the Gestapo Chief, Himmler, knows a "home front" to guard severely and closely. Disappointed in their hopes and calculations about a "localised" and "lightning" war and apprehensive of the implications of economic difficulties and internal tightness, the Nazi leaders are likely to give attention more to cause sharp moves and turns in decisions and ways. But it is evident that the Western Powers are alert to such possibilities. England sees strongly the reactions of a recoil. France holds a commanding position on her eastern frontier that enables her to keep good command. French troops at the Western Front have actively consolidated their positions. In some parts, particularly round the Saar area, they have made notable advances. The well-known French savant and a good friend of India, M. Romain Rolland, has just addressed a letter to M. Daladier, expressing severe condemnation of Nazi outlook and methods, and wishing the success of progressive forces against them towards a better order.

Frankly Speaking

Second Great Victory

Paris has greeted the American Senate's approval of the amended Neutrality Bill as the second victory of the Allies after the Ankara Agreement. The jubilation is justified particularly in view of the unexpectedly decisive majority for the Administration. But it is a little premature. There is a difficult hurdle yet to be negotiated. The measure now comes to the House of Representatives where the Administration themselves expect no more than a small but comfortable majority. We have no doubt that the Bill will go through, but it is safer not to ignore the difficulties. According to an important American paper, however, the disadvantage of a small majority may be compensated for in quick action. If this expectation is realised and the measure becomes law "before the end of the present quasi-truce in Europe," then the Administration's success will certainly constitute a victory for the Allies as important as the Ankara Agreement.

Italy And Balkans

Although it is not safe to predict Duce's future activities, a possible clue to Italian policy is available in the remarks of the "Fascists." According to it "the Balkans stand united in a neutral bloc thanks to Italy's policy" and "Italy's future task is to continue working for limitation of the conflict." In the context of the "Fascists' declarations," the *Telegraf's* earlier hint that Italy "will not allow any foreign ideology to persuade her to intervention" clearly means a direct snub to Herr Hitler who has been trying to win Duce's support to Russo-German "collaboration" in the Balkans. The position thus is that Italy has not only rejected Herr Hitler's appeals for support but has also made it plain that she will not allow the neutrality of the Balkan bloc—which, of course, includes Rumania—to be violated either by Germany or Russia or both. This introduces, for Germany and Russia, rather serious complications into their plans for "political developments" in the Balkan and may even result in the reluctant abandonment of these plans.

Inside Germany

Herr Hitler has more than fallen in disposing of the "Fifth Column." Indeed, his menace is growing surely, even if slowly. The French report about unrest among troops in Vienna, Graz and Klagensfurt may be exaggerated, but there certainly is a good deal of substance in it, for the important reason, among others, that Austrians are far from reconciled to the

rape of their country by Herr Hitler. Equally interesting are the details of the situation in Bohemia and Moravia. It is highly significant in this connection that Nazis themselves admit troubles there. This means confirmation of earlier reports that, as a matter of fact, the whole Czech population is in revolt.

Shop Assistants' Bill

The Bombay Shop Assistants' Bill as amended by the Select Committee was adopted by the Legislative Assembly on Saturday without any difficulty. The Bill provides for the regulation of hours of work in shops, commercial establishments, restaurants, theatres and other establishments and will come into force in the first instance in Bombay City, Ahmedabad, Poona, Sholapur and Hubli. It is the first of its kind in India so far as non-factory establishments are concerned, and representatives of both employers and employees in the Assembly alike approved of it. Mr. S. D. Saklatvala remarked that the Bill gave relief where relief was much needed. Even a fastidious critic like Mr. S. V. Parulekar acknowledged that the lot of workers in shops and other similar establishments would appreciably improve under this measure. The Bill had gone through several improvements in the Select Committee, and the Premier further improved it by accepting several fresh amendments of an ameliorative character. Thus he accepted Mr. Khedgikar's amendment, the effect of which was that no person employed in the establishments concerned should be required to work for more than nine and a half hours, instead of ten, on any day. The Premier admitted that the Bill was still far from perfect and failed to satisfy all the conflicting interests concerned. But further improvements are better made in the light of the experience gained from the working of the present measure.

A Sound Suggestion

A few days before the Madras Ministry resigned Mr. Pothan Joseph, presiding over the Andhra Provincial Journalists' Conference, suggested the appointment of a Committee by the Government "to examine the rigours of law that corrode the growth of the profession, and muzzle the service of Indian newspapers." Mr. Joseph made the suggestion to every Provincial Government. In any case there is need in every province for a Committee of the kind suggested by him. The need is greater now because the war has added considerably to the Indian newspapers' difficulties, of

WITHOUT COMMENT—

STOCKHOLM, Oct. 29.

Great expectations are placed in Berlin on the meeting of the Supreme Soviet Council on Tuesday, according to the Berlin correspondent of the "Tidings." He says that Berlin hopes that the meeting will prove a "turning point in the war."

"The Allies would have to display disconcerting incompetence to lose the war" says M. Cailiaux.

We have begun to suspect it since Lord Zetland decided to face—er—practical realities.

"That vote," writes Anglo-India "apropos" of the division on Mr. Kher's resolution, "created a record; never before have the minority parties in the Bombay Assembly rallied with such unanimity against a Government proposal."

The supplementary fact that no two "minority" groups agreed on any single opposition amendment is, of course, by no means a record. On the contrary.

A Muslim Congressman of Madras appeals to Muslims to rally round freedom's banner. "Round", certainly, "under", NO.

It is now obvious that the British Government have accepted the system of Provincial administration by a Governor's "Advisory Board" as an alternative to Congress Ministries.

So the Muslim League has got what its amendment wanted.

"I," complains Mr. J. A. Spender the veteran Liberal Journalist of Britain, "have never been able to understand the hesitation in promising 'Dominion Status.'"

It may be because British statesmen now know that it won't be possible to get away with mere promises.

According to our liberal contemporary, the "Leader" of Allahabad "this is not the time for Ministers to throw up their responsibilities."

Even though nothing good has ever been found in their work? Peculiar, but quite liberal.

Rumours are thick that Herr Hitler is preparing for an invasion of Britain by parachuting airmen.

Nazis rush where angels fear to tread.

"Czechoslovakia lives" declared Doctor Benes at the Independence Day celebration in London. "Sez you!" cried Herr Hitler and M. Stalin in unison.

We understand from our Paris correspondent that M. Romain Rolland has written to M. Daladier condemning Nazism and wishing success to progressive forces against it.

To confess to you in confidence, we always suspected M. Rolland of bourgeois counter-revolutionary tendencies.

"What's better than getting up at six every morning, going for a brisk mile run, and finishing with a cold bath?" "Staying in bed."

POINTED

PARAGRAPHS

Silent contempt is responsible for many an unblackened eye.

First impressions are seldom correct—so the proof reader tells us.

Why does a man wish for a good appetite and then proceed to get rid of it?

The man who spent the summer constructing air castles will soon be trying to borrow heat for the air.

An ex-toper says that with the dawn of the millennium the sword will be beaten into a corkscrew.

And when a fellow bumps up against hard luck he usually blames some other fellow for shoving him.

which Mr. Joseph gave a vivid account in his address. But now that Congress Cabinets are all resigning, the Committees suggested are not likely to be appointed by the agencies that will replace the Congress Ministries. The Governments of Bengal and the Punjab, however, may appoint the desired Committees. Their need in these provinces is beyond question.

Turning Point In War?

BERLIN HOPES FOR FAVOURABLE DECISION FROM SUPREME SOVIET COUNCIL

LONDON, October 30. Great expectations are placed in Berlin on the meeting of the Supreme Soviet Council on Tuesday, according to the Berlin correspondent of the "Tidigen."

He says that Berlin hopes that the meeting will prove a "turning point in the war." It is claimed that the German-Russian talks which have been proceeding in recent weeks have now ended, defining in the minutest details German-Russian relations, and that action is coming.

No doubt exists, adds the correspondent, with regard to the direction of this action but, it is stated, that it will not be against Belgium or Holland.

NO ENCROACHMENT ON FINLAND

Reported Statement Of Stalin Welcomed In Helsinki

LONDON, Oct. 30. There was two-day discussion between Government and party leaders on the reply to Soviet proposals. The strictest secrecy is being maintained as to the proposals. There is general optimism that an amicable settlement will be reached.

The reported statement of M. Stalin that Russia did not intend any encroachment on Finnish independence has been welcomed in Helsinki.—Reuter.

Delegation To Leave For Moscow To-day: Roosevelt's Solicitude

HELSINKI, Oct. 30. It is officially stated that the Finnish Delegation is leaving for Moscow to-morrow evening. The local press says that high officials of the American Legation handed a personal message from President Roosevelt to M. Paasikivi, during the delegation's last visit to Moscow, expressing sympathy for Finland and asking to be informed with regard to the progress of negotiations.—Reuter.

80 Women Locked Up

BUCHAREST, Oct. 30. Travellers whose reports are considered reliable state that 80 women have been imprisoned at Ezer (Henlein's former headquarters) for publicly complaining that they lacked food for their families. They also alleged that there was great reluctance in the Sudesten region to join up and conscripts were being escorted to the recruiting centres by the police.—Reuter.

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SYSTEM THAT MASSES NEED

Saiyud-Din On Ideology Of Basic Education

(From Our Correspondent.) POONA, Oct. 30. "Ideology of Basic Education" was the theme of an illuminating discourse given by Prof. K. G. Saiyud-Din, Director of Public Instruction, Kashmir, at Gokhale Hall this evening under the auspices of the Basic Education Conference of which he is the president.

Mr. Saiyud-Din emphasised the need of a new system of education for training masses in villages so as to enable them to solve their problems. He said that the present system of education turned out a few servants or learned men from among the masses but it did not penetrate the masses and their villages. The Basic system was based on crafts already known to villagers and would, therefore, serve the pressing need of the suitable system for the masses.

The Conference during the day discussed training of teachers in Basic Education and technique of correlated teaching. Demonstration of work by children from Basic Training Centre at Londi, ten miles from here, was also held.

Hitler's Challenge To Be Met In The Air

Continued from Page 6. by the number of German raiding planes brought down in Scotland. Indeed, by now there is quite a substantial number of German aviators held as war prisoners in Britain. The Allied planes have hitherto mainly concentrated on successful reconnaissance work, with negligible losses. It is likely, however, that very soon they would carry out raids on positions of strategic importance which would be a test of the German anti-aircraft units.

Meanwhile, the British and French factories have been steadily producing new machines and soon the combined strength is expected to be three-fold of the German air fleet. Hitler's 'birds of prey' are clearly going to meet with overwhelming resistance.

BRITISH SHIPPING'S LOSSES AND GAINS

LONDON, Oct. 30. The loss to British shipping during October is 65,000 tons as against 156,000 tons in the first month of the last war. It is pointed out that the losses of both months are only equal to that sunk in a single week in 1917 April, when the German U-Boat campaign was at its peak. British losses during last week were 21,000 but these were offset by the capture of 19,500 tons of enemy shipping.—Reuter.

Canadian Missionaries Injured

TOKIO, Oct. 30. A Japanese Foreign Office spokesman confirmed to-day that two Canadian missionaries were injured by a Japanese sentry on Friday in Soochow.

It is stated that the sentry fired, when the missionaries, who were riding on bicycles disregarded their orders to stop. The Shanghai Radio announced that 15 hospitals out of 23 in North China run by British missionaries have been closed.—Reuter.

Jews Jailed

HAIFA, Oct. 30. The military court at Acre sentenced a Jew to life imprisonment and 42 others to ten years imprisonment for carrying arms and participating in an unauthorised military parade on October 5.—Reuter.

The monthly National flag salute ceremony was observed to-day in the Jawahar Chowk under the auspices of the Nagar Congress Committee, Khandwa. Sjt. S. S. Pandey, pleader and Congress Municipal member hoisted the National flag.

Travancore Congress To Carry On Agitation

TRIVANDRUM, Oct. 30. The All-Travancore Congress Committee after two days' session passed a resolution condemning the "arbitrary manner wherein the Dewan of Travancore recently terminated the talks with the State Congress on matters in controversy between Government and people, regardless of the larger interests in the country. The reasons assigned by the Dewan for such termination are not convincing. The Committee therefore reaffirms the urgent need for carrying on constitutional agitation for the attainment of responsible government."

The Committee has adopted a programme for immediate future consisting of observance of three days of every month as "responsible government day" civil liberties day, political prisoners day. It has also decided to take up immediately the organisation of volunteers and Desh Sevikas." A. P.

India Yet Unconvinced

"M. G.s." Appeal To Govt. To Avert Crisis

LONDON, October 30. The "Manchester Guardian" in an editorial says: "The Viceroy has been instructed to resume at once discussions with Indian leaders on the personal and working methods of the proposed consultative committee. It is possible that if it is properly constituted and properly used such a body might become the nucleus of the first responsible Government in India."

"That at least is what we hope for and what we should like to think the Government has in mind. It still remains, however, to convince Indian opinion that these are really our intention. There is at this juncture a very real danger that we should miss each other's point, as we have so often done in the past with disastrous results."

"Nothing could be better calculated to allay suspicion than the immediate appointment of representatives of the Congress and other leaders as heads of Government departments, and members of the Viceroy's Executive Council."

"The news that the Viceroy has invited the Congress and Moslem leaders to meet him this week justifies the hope that the proposal will be considered with proper care. As there is reason to think, the minimum demands of the Congress are not far removed from the maximum which the Government is prepared to give. It would be a cruel blow to the British people in their greatest need, if the Government fails to avert a futile breakdown of an orderly progress in India."—Reuter.

Excuse For German U-Boats?

BERLIN, Oct. 30. Commenting on "reports of gun practice for British merchant ships," (The Volksischer Beobachter) refers to the "aggressive intentions of the ships which it adds, must determine the technical attitude of U-Boats in the trade war. No one will expect them to be prepared to expose themselves to the first shot."—Reuter.

HELLISH HORRORS OF NAZI CONCENTRATION CAMPS

(Continued from page 1.) would be 16 daily, including Sundays. During working hours it is forbidden to drink even in the hottest weather. Food is quite insufficient, viz. weak coffee at the dawn, half a litre of soup at mid-day and the bread allowance is 250 grammes daily. Work consisted in moving heavy stones, often far beyond the strength of a normal well-fed man. Floggings are very frequent for small offences such as drinking water during working hours. The usual punishment is 25 strokes given alternately by two guards. This often produced unconsciousness but Jews were told the Fuehrer himself had given orders that Jews might receive upto 60 lashes. Prisoners were often picked out at random and flogged. Men's feet were strapped to two footplates. They then bent over a horizontal bar and heads secured between two horizontal bars. Some died between poles. Survivors were kicked back into sheds. Some prisoners went mad and were chained up with a sack round heads to stifle their shouts. Over-crowding was indescribable, an example being 2,500 prisoners forced into a shed measuring 200 feet by 80.

Deaths in Buchenwald camp occurred daily and the relatives were often first informed of it by the information that they could have the ashes for the payment of three marks. No Jewish prisoners were ever released until he could produce evidence that he was able to leave Germany. Wires charged with 1,000 volts of electricity prevented escape and every sentry was ordered to use rifle without warning. If any prisoner moved in his direction. Jewish prisoners were told that every bullet costs twelve pfennigs, which was just what a Jew was worth.

Prisoners rise at dawn and coffee is distributed in a square where the gallows and flogging blocks stand. Those reporting sick were inspected by the Commandant who treats those, whom he decides to be fit with his riding-whip. The sick in Labour gangs were helped on with kicks and whips. LATTERLY NO JEWS WERE ACCEPTED AS SICK. THEY COULD BE ONLY FIT OR DEAD.

Another punishment consisted of hanging a prisoner for ten or twelve hours by his arms, which were violently bent backwards. Guards, seemed to revel in the tortures.

During the Journey to Weimar prisoners were often brutally maltreated.—Reuter.

WHAT TERMS TO END WAR?

Women's Peace And Freedom League's Demand

(From Our Own Correspondent.) LONDON, Oct. 10. At the meeting of the Executive Committee of the British Section of the Women's International League for Peace and Freedom held earlier in the week, the following resolution was passed: "We, the Women's International League Executive Committee, urge the Government to make clear the terms upon which it would be willing to make peace."

"We urge further that the terms should include the recognition of equality of race, and of the rights and liberties of the individual, and respect for the integrity of small as well as great nations."

"As an earnest of its acceptance of these fundamental principles we urge the Government to make clear its intention of bringing India into free and equal partnership in the family of nations."

OFFICE-BEARERS. The following are the executive officers of the British Section of the Women's International League for Peace and Freedom: Vice-Presidents:—Miss Vera Britain, Mrs. de Bunsen, the Hon. Mrs. Franklin, Mrs. Pethwick Lawrence, Dr. Maude Royden, Lady Unwin, Miss Mary Sheepshanks; Chairwoman:—Mrs. Duncan Harris, J.P., Vice-Chairwomen: Mrs. Lankester and Mrs. Greenwood; Hon. Treasurer: Mrs. McGregor Wood; Hon. Secretary: Mrs. K. E. Innes.

POPE CONDEMNS STATES WHICH SUPPRESS RELIGION

VATICAN CITY, Oct. 30. The Pope in an address to the newly consecrated Bishop at the Vatican yesterday condemned States, which suppressed religion. By contrast he praised those countries in which the Government is based on morality and justice. In that, he said, tyranny is unknown. There is no lack of respect for authority and honour for that just liberty to which dignity of human person is entitled.—Reuter.

Dr. Amir Hasan Siddiqi, Lecturer in History, Muslim University, Aligarh, says a Press Note, has been nominated by the University to represent them at the 16th session of the Indian Historical Records Commission to be held at Calcutta on December 13 and 14, 1939.—United Press.

STOP PRESS

ZAFRULLAH IN LONDON

LONDON, Oct. 30. Sir Muhammad Zafullah Khan, who was invited here by the British Government as representative of the Government of India in connection with the forthcoming discussions with Dominion Ministers arrived in London this evening and was welcomed by Sir Hugh O'Neill, Parliamentary Under-Secretary for India.—Reuter.

ON WESTERN FRONT

PARIS, Oct. 30. A Communique states that there was activity by contact units on the whole front and local artillery activity. Chaser and reconnaissance aircraft were intensely active.—Reuter.

OIL SUPPLY WILL DECIDE WAR

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 30. In a long war Germany's oil supply will be one of her weakest points. This is the opinion of Dutch oil experts commenting on the report from the New York correspondent of the "Telegraaf" that in the view of a majority of American Army and Navy experts Germany has only sufficient high-grade petrol for two months big scale air attacks.

The "Telegraaf" report suggests that after such a period Germany will have to use synthetic spirit, which is unsuitable for modern warplanes. American experts place the 1939 synthetic petrol production at 26 million barrels and believe that Germany will need 52 million in peacetime and 150 million annually in wartime.—Reuter.

Grave Unrest Among German Troops Returning From Poland

Every Tenth Man To Be Shot?

LONDON, October 30. According to the French Radio, reports about unrest among troops in Vienna, Graz, and Klagenfurt have leaked through the Austrian frontier.

The reports add that the revolts in the units which have returned from the Polish campaign were so serious that the German authorities have ordered each tenth man to be shot.

At Graz the troops are described as being in a state of utmost agitation. The men complain that during their employment in Poland, they were treated much worse than units from the old Reich.

Official Admission

The German Official News Agency in a Prague despatch admitting disturbances states: "Fairly large groups of youths seeking to create demonstrations in Wenceslas Place were broken up by Czech police, and a number of them were arrested."

Gestapo Troopers Disperse Demonstrators

Reports reaching Amsterdam, however, state that demonstrators, wearing Czech emblems, blocked the main thoroughfare but remained orderly until the German Storm Troop Guard, which regularly marches through the capital appeared, when hostile shouts were raised and the Gestapo Storm Troopers were summoned to disperse them.

These sources assert that what is worrying the Gestapo is not open signs of revolt but the simmering hostility implicit in obviously well-organised and "orderly" demonstrations, for example the wearing of black ties and the total boycott of the Public Services for given periods and when there is an order to celebrate some German fete, do so by complete abstinence from tobacco and alcohol.

NO SIGN OF GERMAN THRUST

Reuters special correspondent with the British Expeditionary Force says that there is no sign of any German thrust against the sector on France's Eastern Frontier held by the B. E. F. Not a shot has been fired against the Sector not one hostile plane has flown over the British lines. Nevertheless men holding forward positions have kept unceasingly alert, ready to spring to arms at the first sign of enemy action.

Their task is by no means easy, adds the correspondent, who says that he has seen troops, including the flower of the British Army, fighting cold, wet and mud, digging and digging and living in conditions of the maximum severity as far as comforts are concerned.—Reuter.

German Aircraft Quite New

LONDON, Oct. 30. The German aircraft was quite new and had many appliances for the comfort of the crew. They only think that the R. A. F. were unable to admire the food. It consisted of a few dry biscuits and two small tins of meat.—Reuter.

Emplacement of anti-aircraft guns for the protection of the British concentration of troops and planes in France is being pushed forward rapidly, says Reuter's special correspondent with the Royal Air Force in France.

All this week territorial army gunners have been installing their armaments in fields overlooking the Air Force secret aerodromes. More than one territorial anti-aircraft regiment have been sent out and others may come. They will join up with those of the regular army.—Reuter.

Epic Story Of Air Scouting

The epic story of the first Air Force reconnaissance in South Germany, carried out on Friday night in icy conditions, was told to a special Reuter's correspondent, who interviewed some fliers on their way home.

He says, the flight lasted several hours. Almost as soon as the planes crossed the Frontier they ran into a blanket of fog and snow and the cold was so intense that some crews became sick, all numbed and almost senseless. Ice formed on wings and control wires had to be yanked free with stiffened fingers every few minutes.

The temperature at one period was 30 deg. below zero. Ice six inches thick collected on the cow-lings. Men's breath froze on their goggles. Nevertheless all aircraft reached their objectives and completed their mission apart from one which was forced to run back shortly after crossing the Frontier.—Reuter.

Repatriates From Latvia

BERLIN, Oct. 30. Over 2,000 Germans repatriated from Latvia and Estonia have arrived in Danzig in the past three days, according to the official news agency. The Latvian-German repatriation agreement was signed at Riga this afternoon.—Reuter.

Cancelled

Owing to the European situation it has been found necessary to cancel FRY'S FOUR FOODS COUPON SCHEME. Coupons will no longer be issued but all sheets submitted before 31st December will be redeemed in cash to the extent of which they have been completed.

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The Half-Column by "Dim"

The news of the tragic circumstances in which the Tata pilot, Mr. N.G. Gadgil met his death will be received with profound sorrow by those who knew this young and brilliant airman as also by all others who are interested in Indian aviation. He must be regarded as one of the men, who has made a substantial contribution to commercial aviation in this country. His untimely death is most sad and regrettable.

It is sincerely hoped that the Maharaja of Jaipur, who was in this same air-crash has not done any irreparable damage to himself. Reports of progress are encouraging and one hopes they will be continued to improve.

Sunday evening at Green's showed that, prohibition notwithstanding, people could pack it like a tin of sardines. I think time will prove that drink is not the only attraction for people to come to dances—which is good news for the Taj and Green's.

Reading through the 'a la Carte' price list of Green's I discovered that a French chicken cost Rs. 25- and an English duck a like amount. No wonder Bombay ducks feel they have been unfairly treated and non-co-operation should be the order of the day.

I think the management of Green's should refuse admittance to those Englishmen, who have the audacity to appear in short white pants and open neck shirts for dinner in the ballroom on a Sunday night. They may be tourists from the "Vicerey of India" or young army officials living near by. It's no excuse.

If democracy has come anywhere in India, it certainly is to be seen in the Cricket Club. One may say, it is suited to the genius of its members.

A report in a local newspaper says that the Maharaja of Kathiawar has returned from the United States, where he visited the World Fair. Apparently he missed the other World Fair on the Franco-German Frontier.

HOSTILE LASHKAR ACTIVITIES

Aircraft Assists Operations

BANNU Oct. 30. A section of the Razmak Brigade which had moved out towards Shahwal Hills is reported to have been engaged by a hostile lashkar on the night of Thursday/Friday resulting in the death of four sepoys and injuries to several. Aircraft assisted the troops. The Lashkars' losses have not yet been ascertained, though they are understood to have been considerable.—A. P.

(Continued from Col. 6) men held that Congressmen were arrested who could not and did not violate the Ordinance, pending the decision of the Working Committee on the point. The only motive of the Punjab Government, they argued, was to crush the Congress movement in the province.

The motion was defeated by 40 against 35 votes.

CHAMANLAL'S MOTION DISALLOWED.

Dewan Chamanlal's adjournment motion on the application of the Prince of Wales Protection Act throughout the Punjab which was reserved for the Governor's approval by the Speaker under Section 84 of the Government of India Act was disallowed by His Excellency the Governor.

The speaker announced in the Assembly, to-day that the war resolution given notice of by the Congress, Ministerialist and the Independent members will be discussed on Friday next and the House will adjourn on November 7 till November 20.—United Press.

Consolidating Prohibition

GILDER THROWS LIGHT ON GOVT. PROPAGANDA

Supplementary Demands Granted By Assembly

Discussion was raised on items of probable expenditure under "Pay of Establishment" for 1939-40 for prohibition propaganda and Bombay Legislative Assembly, on Monday.

All the supplementary demands were granted. Dr. M. D. D. Gilder, Minister for Health, tore the veil by shattering Opposition insinuations with regard to the work done by the Prohibition Board, the P.R.O. and subsidies to newspapers.

Proceedings In Detail

The acceptance of rewards by the Police for good work from private individuals and their distribution among the men concerned, is a long-standing practice.

This statement was made in the Bombay Legislative Assembly by Mr. K. M. Munshi, Minister for Law and Order, replying to a question on the grant of rewards to Police by the Chairman of the Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company, Ltd.

The Minister stated that a sum of Rs. 200 was received by the Commissioner of Police from the Bombay Dyeing Company on November 9, 1938, for distribution among certain Police officers and men on duty during the one-day strike on November 7. The amount, the Minister stated, was "spontaneously" sent by the Company.

It was divided between an Inspector, three Sub-Inspectors, four Head Constables and 22 Constables.

Replying to a supplementary question, the Minister stated that he was not in a position to say on what principle or basis the amount was distributed by the Police Commissioner.

The Minister also said that since this incident, the Government had passed orders that the Police should not in future accept such rewards and any rewards accepted, should be put in the Police Charity Fund. The money was not to be divided among the members of the Police staff.

Questions on the circular letters inviting people to attend the Prohibition demonstrations on August 1, elicited the information that 576 letters were sent out by the Prohibition Propaganda Board. Invitations were sent to leading officials and non-officials including Magistrates, Judges of the Small Causes Court, Members of the Bar and the University etc.

The Excise Minister further stated that the Secretary of the Prohibition Board had issued orders that no invitations were to be sent to the Judges of the High Court, but owing to an oversight in the office, the names of those Judges, who were members of the Senate or who had recently held substantive posts were not removed from the lists.

The Finance Minister, replying to a question relating to the Bombay Options in Cotton Prohibition Ordinance stated that representatives of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce, the Indian Merchants' Chamber and the East Indian Cotton Association were consulted before the ordinance was issued. There was no reason, said the Minister why the fall in cotton price should be due to the Ordinance. The Government declared the Teji Mandi options void on its own initiative.

The Assembly then considered demands for supplementary grants.

Dr. M. D. D. Gilder, Minister for Excise made a demand for a grant of Rs. 348,741 under "Prohibition Excise." In pursuance of

- (5) "Amal" (Gujarati);
- (6) "Krant" (Marathi);
- (7) "Khilafat" (Urdu);
- (8) "Al Hilal" (Urdu);
- (9) "Inquilab" (Urdu);
- (10) "Carvan" (Urdu weekly);
- (11) "Musavir" (Urdu weekly);
- (12) "Tanvir" (Urdu weekly).

The total subsidy given for the purpose was Rs. 9,900.

Answering the question why Government selected only a few papers, the Minister stated that Government did not ask those newspapers whether they could do propaganda work. The papers themselves came to Government. Government wanted a paper with a large circulation, with a traditional propaganda policy, to carry on prohibition propaganda in labour area. When the "Free Press" came to Government, that paper of its own accord proposed writing articles and carry on prohibition propaganda. Government were shown the letters which were written to the Editor of that paper. The Minister read two letters in this connection, and one of them was written by Mr. A. D. Shroff. The writer of the letter complained that he was disgusted with those articles and that they were "pure abuse of anti-prohibitionists" and that his point of view had not been understood by that paper.

When, therefore, that newspaper came to Government and complained how they were being treated and how their advertisements were being cut off and asked Government to come to its help, Government gave certain amount, spread over for a period of three months. All subsidies were now terminated. He, however, thanked the other papers, which did not get subsidies and did not approach Government but carried on prohibition propaganda in a creditable manner.

HEAVY WORK FOR P.R.O. With regard to the functions of the Public Relations Officer, the Minister read out Government's resolution in this connection for initiating schemes of publicity. In addition to that, he, as the Secretary of the Prohibition Propaganda Board, had to see that sufficient propaganda was done in the newspapers for the introduction and enforcement of prohibition. The Minister referred to the fact that the P. R. O., as the Secretary of the Board, had to work not only for ten hours, but work for longer period, especially in the months of June and July. The Minister and he used to sit late at night and meet again early in the morning, the next day. The Minister, therefore, thanked him.

DID AS DIRECTED. With regard to the complaint made for certain statements he made in the Press in this connection, the Minister pointed out that it was not his fault, as he was directed to do so.

P. R. O. THANKED. It was also stated that a more qualified man could have been secured for the purpose; but the Minister stated that it was difficult to find a more competent or suitable person who would be satisfied with the pay Government could give. He, on behalf of his colleagues, again thanked the P. R. O., after recalling one particular incident at a particular time when they waited till late at night for his arrival from Poona.

Mr. Phadake withdrew his cut with the permission of the House. BICYCLE FOR MINISTERS? Mr. Jhabvala, then, raised discussion on the desirability of ministers travelling by third class compartments in trains and using bicycles by a cut motion of Rs. 100 under the head "General Administration."

Five Chevrolet Motor Cars, De Luxe Model, 1939, were purchased by Government for five ministers from a firm at a cost of Rs. 9,900.

Mr. Jhabvala suggested that the Minister should ride on cycles in the rural areas and such a course would be good from the health point of view, financial point of view and for intensive mass contact.

LATTHE TURNS CYCLE JOKE. The Finance Minister, replying, stated that Mr. Jhabvala was giving his advice rather too late. He, however, hoped that those people who would succeed them

DOMINION STATUS IN TWO WEEKS

Sir Sikandar's Promise If Congress Leaves Matters To Him

Attempt To Censure Punjab Government Over Working Of Ordinance Act Defeated

LAHORE, Oct. 30.

Opposing the admissibility of the adjournment motion to discuss the abuse of the Defence of India Ordinance by the Punjab Government in the form of indiscriminate arrest of a large number of political workers, Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan, Premier, said that the Defence of India Ordinance was passed by the Central Government and the Punjab Government had nothing to do with its use.

The Punjab Government had no power to interfere in any Deputy Commissioner's action but if a party was aggrieved by any action of a Deputy Commissioner or if any Deputy Commissioner was vindictive, he could seek redress in law courts.

The Premier added that he was not prepared to non-co-operate with the Central Government by which alone he could interfere in the Deputy Commissioners' action, who were acting under law.

The Speaker held that the administrative responsibility on the part of the Punjab Government could not be denied and, therefore, admitted the adjournment motion to be discussed in the afternoon. The purpose of the adjournment motion, said the Speaker, was not always to censure the Government but for eliciting fuller information or river the attention on a particular matter.

DOMINION STATUS IN 15 DAYS. The Punjab Premier repeated the assertion made by him before,

that India's Independence was sure to come at the end of the present war while opposing the adjournment motion at the Assembly to-day over the abuse of the administration of the Defence of India Ordinance in the province.

The Premier Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan added that the Congress and the British Government were both diplomats but if the Congress left it to him he would achieve Dominion Status for India in fifteen days. He stated that the Ordinance had been applied only where speeches were made against recruitment and declared that in this matter, even if it were his own son or the tallest of India's leaders he would not hesitate to take action.

He further said that where arrests, if any, were made under the Ordinance prior to September 3, the date when the Ordinance was promulgated or that date, he would withdraw the prosecution in such cases or if the accused put up a defence and could prove that their speeches were made on either September 3 or prior to that date, they would be acquitted.

Briefly the Opposition case was that action under the Ordinance was started even before the ink was dry on the orders promulgating it at Simla, even before it was published in the newspapers or gazetted in the Punjab Government Gazette.

Secondly the Congress spokes-

(Continued in col. 1)

memsahibs!



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Cabinet Ready To Do Its Bit To Harijans

Premier Agrees To Pilot Disabilities Removal Bill Before Tendering Resignation

BOMBAY, Monday.
 The Bombay Legislative Council passed to-day all the three readings of the Bombay Shops and Establishments Bill which seeks to provide for the regulation of hours of work in shops, commercial firms, restaurants, theatres and other establishments.

Over thirty amendments moved by the Opposition were defeated and the Bill emerged from the Upper House as it had been passed by the Assembly.

APPEAL TO THE PREMIER.
 An appeal to the Ministry to sponsor the Harijan Disabilities Removal Bill before tendering resignation was made by Dr. Solanki, who while speaking on the first reading of the Shop Assistants Bill said that an equally ameliorative measure in the interests of Harijans deserved to be taken up by the Ministry. He said that it would be a great disappointment to Harijans if the Congress Ministry resigned without taking up the measure.

HARIJAN BILL TO-DAY.
 The Premier announced just before the Council adjourned for the day, that the Harijan Disabilities Removal Bill had been included in the agenda for to-morrow.

Moving the first reading of the Bombay Shops and Establishments Bill, the Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher said that Shop Assistants and commercial employees in province did not enjoy the protection of any legislation though measures had been undertaken some time back to regulate the hours and conditions of work of industrial workers. While most of the big com-

mercial firms observed reasonable hours of work and provided other amenities for their employees, the conditions of service in smaller offices, "pedhls," shops, restaurants, etc., were far from satisfactory. There was therefore, an insistent demand for their betterment.

CABINET CONGRATULATED.
 Mr. Joshi lent wholehearted support to the measure and said that the Ministry deserved sincere congratulations for trying to improve the condition of non-industrial workers. The measure was far overdue particularly in a province which was mainly industrial.

Mr. B. N. Karanjia while supporting the principle of the Bill expressed his fears that the Bill would burden the Corporation with considerably heavy expenditure at a time when its resources were already crippled.

Prof. S. R. Davar, was in agreement with the principles of the measure, but felt that it was unfair to entrust the working of the Act to local bodies without giving them any financial assistance for undertaking this additional responsibility.

Mr. N. D. Deodhekar and Mr. Narsingrao Desai also supported the Bill.

WANTED MORE SAFEGUARDS.
 Dr. Mahajani congratulated the Ministry for sponsoring a measure in the interests of thousands of poor employees. His only fears were that after the passing of the Bill, the employers might replace the present staff after introducing new scales of pay, because of the reduced hours of

work. There was no provision in the Bill to safeguard the interests of the staff against this contingency. Dr. Mahajani suggested that the Bill should be made retrospective.

Dr. Solanki while supporting the measure paid a glowing tribute to the Congress Ministry for undertaking, during the 2½ years that it had been in office, a number of benevolent measures. The Ministry would have the sincere blessings of the people for this ameliorative work. He urged the Ministry to sponsor the Harijan Disabilities Removal Bill before relinquishing office.

The Premier in his reply stated that while undertaking the measure, the Government had tried its best to reconcile the conflicting interests of the employers and employees. Though the Ministry decided upon undertaking a measure on these lines within a short time of its taking office, it had to wait for a considerable time for the sponsoring of the measure so as to conduct a thorough enquiry into the conditions of work.

Referring to the criticism of Prof. Davar that it was unfair to burden the local bodies with the work of giving effect to the Bill, the Premier said that the Government had taken two points into consideration. The first point was that local bodies had already a staff to supervise restaurants and shops. It would not be very much of a burden to this staff to see if the shops closed according to the hours of schedule. Secondly, in view of the fact that local bodies were directly interested in the welfare of non-industrial employees within their jurisdiction, there was no harm in entrusting the work of administering the Act to these bodies.

The first reading of the Bill was accepted by the House. The next two readings were gone through before the House adjourned till to-morrow.

MADRAS MINISTERS ON RESIGNATIONS

(Continued from page 10)
 sed by him in his discretion and no Proclamation shall be made by a Governor under this Section without the concurrence of the Governor-General in his discretion.—A. P.

"DID SOMETHING WORTH DOING"

MADRAS, Oct. 30.
 Mr. S. Ramanathan, former Public Information Minister in a statement says:—"I confess to an overwhelming feeling of relief. I am also proud that nine of us chosen from different vocations have stood loyally by our chief, in spite of inevitable differences of temperament and succeeded in accomplishing something which history will recognise as worth doing. We have no regret and we are going forward to a larger sphere to shoulder presently what we believe to be severe burdens."—A. P.

Dr. Rajan And Mr. Yakub Hassan On Resignation

MADRAS, Oct. 30.
 Mr. T. S. S. Rajan, the former Minister of Public Health, who resigned office, interviewed by the "United Press" said:—"I am very glad to have been relieved of this responsibility. I go back home with a clean heart and preparedness for renewed service. Office was a new experience to us. It gave us an idea of the machinery of administration and we are richer by that experience. We are leaving office with greater pleasure than when we came in."
 Mr. Yakub Hassan, the former Public Works Minister said:—"My work as a Muslim Leader was interrupted by my accepting office and for the last two years I had to curb my desire for greater national work, in order that I might co-operate with my colleagues in the administration. I am happy I am now free to take up work as a free man."—United Press.

K. P. C. C. UPHOLDS WORKING COMMITTEE DECISION

Campaign To Explain Meaning Of Resolution

(From Our Correspondent.)
DHARWAR, (By Mail).
 The Council of the Karnataka Provincial Congress Committee met at Dharwar on the 24th and 25th instant to discuss the Viceroy's statement. They wholeheartedly upheld the Working Committee decision and passed among others the following resolutions:—
 "This Council of the K. P. C. C. resolves that all Congress Committees should observe 29th instant as the day set apart for explaining to the public the resolutions of the Congress Working Committee and requests them to read out and explain in public meetings a leaflet to be issued by this Council."
 "This Council of the K. P. C. C. calls upon the Office-bearers of all District Congress Committees in the Province to try their best to carry on a properly conducted campaign for explaining to the people the resolutions of the Congress Working Committee passed on 14th instant and 22nd instant and the statements of the Viceroy and the State Secretary in this behalf and the leaflet to be issued by this Council."

SUPPORT TO PREMIER'S RESOLUTION

"This Meeting of the Council of the K. P. C. C. fully supports the resolutions expressing strong disapproval of the Viceroy's announcement of 18th instant."
REPRESSION IN MYSORE
 "This Council of the K. P. C. C. while fully appreciating the non-violent struggle that the people of Mysore have been conducting in defence of their fundamental rights and for Responsible Government in Mysore under the deigns of H. H. the Maharaja, condemns the adoption of such repressive measures as the 'Mysore Public Security Act' restricting the free movement of the citizens."
 "This Council further would be glad to welcome any rapprochement that would advance the cause of the people."
 "The Hon. Secretary of the K. P. C. C. Dr. N. S. Hardiker is hereby authorised to issue necessary instructions from time to time to subordinate committees and Congressmen in Karnataka regarding the political crisis in the country in consonance with the orders of the War Sub-Committee, Working Committee of the Congress and the President of the Indian National Congress."

HISTORY ACADEMY MEETING AT ALLAHABAD

(From Our Correspondent.)
ALLAHABAD, Oct. 30.
 An important meeting of the Council of Indian Academy of History has been called to meet at Patna on November 5 and 6. Among those expected to attend the meeting are Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Jadunath Sarkar, Mahatma Gandhi, Dr. R. S. Chandra, Dr. Prasad, Dr. Jayachandra Vidyalankar. A scheme is drawn for U.P. by Sir Jadunath Sarkar and Prof. Jayachandra for a national history of India and it will be considered among other matters. Dr. Rajendra Prasad Congress President has collected funds for starting work on the new Indian history. He is reaching Patna to-morrow via Calcutta.

Stricter Control Over Insurance Companies Welcomed

Representation To Superintendent By Companies Association

In a representation addressed to the Superintendent of Insurance regarding the working of the Insurance Act and the rules made thereunder, the Indian Insurance Companies Association first reviews the Burma Insurance Bill and the Insurance Acts passed by the various Indian States and says:—

"While we welcome a stricter control of Insurance Companies for the safety of policy-holders, we are not in favour of legislation being enacted which would have the effect of compelling the Companies to maintain elaborate accounts combined with restrictions of investments and making of deposits for what must, in most cases, be a small amount of business. Moreover, the Insurance Companies incorporated or working in British India are required under the following Sections of the Insurance Act to submit their returns etc., for the whole of India including the Indian States. Such sections are:—
 Section 11. Accounts and Balance Sheet.
 Section 12. Audit.
 Section 13. Actuarial Reports and Abstracts.

seems Swami had gone as an interested spectator, but getting through a last minute entry actually ran the race barefooted! After his unfortunate lapse at Poona Swami did need something to restore his confidence.

Players to represent Bombay in the Ranji Trophy match against Jamnagar to be played on November 3, 4 and 5 at the Brabourne Stadium have been selected.

It is also learnt that the names of such deserving claimants as Mehta, the brilliant local collegian all-rounder, S. L. Patil, the capable Hindu Gymkhana bowler, A. Hakim, the talented Islam Gymkhana player and N. F. Canteenwalla, the fine Parsi bat with a magnificent season's record, have been naively skipped over.

S. Banerji's magnificent bowling at Kenney Sea Face last Saturday marked a welcome recovery of form. Banerji's batting, and fielding have improved beyond recognition. And in case the Hindus don't contemplate experimenting a double fast attack, I would definitely give my vote to Banerji. Bowling apart—D. R. Puri would be a doubtful starter. His batting and fielding are unfortunately not up to the

CERTAINLY NOT GOERING

Who Doesn't Like Butter?

(From Our Correspondent.)
LONDON, Oct. 3.

Here is an interesting story that has reached me from the Ministry of Information. For several months up to the outbreak of war Field-Marshal Herman Goering, Hitler's successor to the Chancellorship of the Third Reich, received a weekly parcel from England. The parcel contained butter.

This revelation, made by the British Ministry of Information, is bound to horrify good Nazis who have obeyed the Marshal's exhortations to put "guns before butter." The corpulent director of the Four-Year Self-Sufficiency Plan was not the only Nazi leader to belie his own maxims.

Dr. Joseph Goebbels and Dr. Bergmann, the economic expert, are also now exposed as secret butter-addicts. "So careful have they been not to disturb the morale of their compatriots," states the Ministry of Information, "that every care has been taken to ensure that the parcels should arrive without attracting attention. But information which has reached the Government from a private source, and which has been confirmed by subsequent investigation, brought the following facts to light."

According to the Ministry of Information, "at weekly intervals a dozen parcels, varying in weight from two to four lbs. and about the size of a hatbox, have been dispatched from Bradford by Mr. Arthur Hentzen, principal of a large wool export firm, the contents described as Danish butter, and paid for at a special rate and routed via Cologne. In the week before the war no fewer than nine such parcels were addressed to Goering, Goebbels, and Bergmann, the reminder to wives of other prominent Nazis."

Mr. Arthur Hentzen's home, it is stated, is in Yorkshire. His butler, Mr. Peeler, told press reporters last night the following:—"Mr. Hentzen is a naturalised Englishman of a German origin. He has lived in this country 40 years. It is ridiculous and patently laughable to suggest that Mr. Hentzen has been sending butter to Goering, Goebbels, and company. He would much rather see their heads chopped off than send them butter. About a year ago he was periodically sending a pound of butter to his stepson in Germany, but that is all. He has no sympathy whatever with the Nazi regime."

The butler concluded his story thus: Mr. Hentzen went to Switzerland with his wife two months ago because of ill-health and had been unable to get back because of the war.
 Told of the butler's statement, an official of the Ministry of Information reiterated that the facts had been verified.

FALSE TEETH GOT BLACKER AND BLACKER



"I am now 45 years of age, and now I had my first teeth extracted when I was 21 years old. I have searched out everything for something to counteract carbonisation on my dental plate. I have tried powders, waxes, and creams, all without effect; the plates continued to blacken. I purchased (without undue optimism) a tin of your 'Steradent' and much to my surprise and astonishment found that it really did all you claim. It was interesting to see the carbon disappear and in three nights the plates were pink again for the first time since they were new."—A.L.

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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pheroza Shah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1939

Regd. No. B 1065

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Madras Resignations Accepted

Governor Takes Over Administration: All-White Advisory Board Formed

MADRAS, October 30.
THE GOVERNOR HAS ACCEPTED THE RESIGNATIONS OF THE MADRAS MINISTERS TO-DAY. ALL TEN MINISTERS MET THE GOVERNOR AT 11 O'CLOCK THIS MORNING AT FORT ST. GEORGE AND BADE HIM GOOD-BYE.

FOLLOWING THE RESIGNATION OF THE MINISTRY HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR TAKES OVER ADMINISTRATION OF THE PRESIDENCY UNDER SECTION 93 OF THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ACT OF 1935. HIS EXCELLENCY WILL BE ASSISTED BY AN ADVISORY BOARD CONSISTING OF MESSRS. G. T. BOAG, H. M. HOOD AND T. G. RUTHERFORD.

ALLOCATION OF SUBJECTS
The following are allocation of subjects: Mr. G. T. Boag, Public, General, Finance and Revenue, H. M. Hood, Control of Motor Vehicles Taxation Act, Public Works, Development, Department excluding subjects assigned to Mr. K. Rutherford, Mr. Rutherford, Home Department excluding Motor Vehicles Taxation Act, Public and General War Section, Education, Public Health, Industries, Labour, Trades Dispute and Factories.
Mr. G. T. Boag who is now in England on leave is expected by air on November 2 and in the meantime His Excellency will deal with the subjects assigned to him. Mr. D. N. Strathie, will be the Chief Secretary.

MADRAS GOVERNOR'S PROCLAMATION

MADRAS, Oct. 30.
Consequent on his present Ministers having tendered their resignations and the impossibility of forming another Ministry at present which will have the support of a working majority in the present Legislature, the Governor Lord Erskine has found it necessary to issue the following Proclamation:—

Whereas the Governor of the Province of Madras is satisfied that a situation has arisen in which the Government of the Province cannot be carried on in accordance with the provisions of the Government of India Act 1935 (hereinafter referred to as "the Act");

Now, therefore, in the exercise of the powers conferred by Section 93 of the Act and with the concurrence of the Governor-General, the Governor by this Proclamation—
(A) Declares that all his functions under the Act shall be exercised by him in his discretion;
(B) Assumes to himself all powers vested by or under the Act in the Provincial Legislature and all powers vested in either chamber of that Legislature but not so as to affect any power exercisable by His Majesty with respect to Bills reserved for his consideration of the disallowance of Acts;

And he hereby makes the following incidental or consequential provisions which appear to him to be necessary or desirable for giving effect to the objects of this proclamation, namely:—
(1) The operation of the following provisions of the Act is hereby suspended, namely, sections 50 and 51, section 59, so far as it relates to or requires consultation with Ministers, sections 62 to 67 (both inclusive) and 70 to 75 (both inclusive), the proviso to sub-section (1) of section 76, sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 78 and so much of sub-section (3) thereof as relates to salaries and allowances of Ministers, sections 79 to 82 (both inclusive), so much of sub-section (1) of section 83 as relates to the passing of a resolution by the Provincial Legislative Assembly; sub-section (2) of section 83; sections 84 to 90 (both inclusive) and so much of section 169 as relates to the laying of reports before the Provincial Legislature;

(2) In exercising legislative powers under or by virtue of this proclamation, the Governor, acting in the discretion, shall prepare such bills as he deems necessary and declare in respect of any bill so prepared either that he assents thereto in His Majesty's name, or that he reserves it for the consideration of the Governor-General; and the reference in sub-section (2) of section 76 to the day on which a bill was presented to the Governor shall be construed as a reference to the day on which a bill was so reserved by him.

STRIVING TO BE "HAPPY WARRIORS"

Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar interviewed by the Associated Press said: "Our resignations have been accepted in the absence of a possible

alternative Government commanding the confidence of the Legislature, or which may reasonably be expected successfully to get the country to support them. The Secretary of State has taken over charge of the Province on behalf of the British Government. We have resigned while we still command the confidence of the country and the Legislature.

As Wordsworth has said about the "Happy Warrior": "Through the heat of conflict, he keeps the law in calmness and he sees what he foresaw, or if an unexpected call succeed, come what it will, he is equal to the need."

"We should all strive to be happy warriors of that kind," concluded Mr. Rajagopalachariar.

Sec. 93 of the Government of India Act 1935 provides for a case of failure of the constitutional machinery in a province. If at any time the Governor of a province is satisfied that a situation has arisen in which the Government of the province cannot be carried on in accordance with the provisions of the Government of India Act he may by Proclamation declare that his functions shall, to such extent as may be specified in the Proclamation, be exercised by him in his discretion and assume to himself all or any of the powers vested in or exercisable by any provincial body or authority.

Any such Proclamation may contain such incidental or consequential provisions as may appear to him to be necessary or desirable for giving effect to the objects of the Proclamation including provisions for suspending in whole or in part the operation of any provisions of the Government of India Act relating to any provincial body or authority; but nothing in this sub-section shall authorise the Governor to assume to himself any of the powers vested in a High Court or to suspend wholly or partly the operation of any provision of the Government of India Act relating to High Courts.

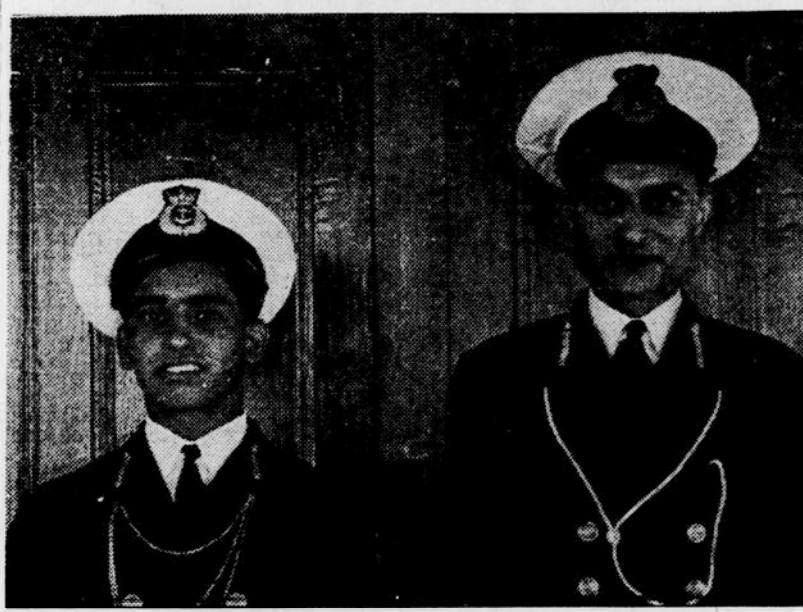
Such a Proclamation by a Governor may be revoked or varied by a subsequent Proclamation.

A Proclamation under this Section shall be communicated forthwith to the Secretary of State and shall be laid by him before both Houses of Parliament. Unless it is a proclamation revoking a previous Proclamation. Such a Proclamation by a Governor shall cease to operate at the expiration of six months. But such a Proclamation, unless revoked, shall continue in force for a further period of twelve months if and so often as a resolution approving the continuance of the Proclamation is passed by both Houses of Parliament. No such Proclamation, however, shall remain in force, in any case, for more than three years.

If the Governor by a Proclamation assumes to himself any power of the Provincial Legislature to make laws, any law made by him in the exercise of that power shall continue to have effect until two years have elapsed from the date on which the Proclamation ceases to have effect, unless sooner repealed or re-enacted by act of the appropriate Legislature.

The functions of the Governor under this Section shall be exercised

(Continued on Page 9 Col. 5)



Cadet Captains Sarma and Datta came first and second in the shipmates' ballot on Sunday, the first winning the Viceroy's gold medal and the second getting the "Dufferin" Governing Body's prize.

British India's Just Demand

A. Barriedale Keith On Need Of Assurance Of "Responsible Govt. After War"

Prof. A. Barriedale Keith, in a communication to the "Hindu," states:—

It is impossible not to regret the complete failure of Lord Linlithgow's announcement to meet the needs of the Indian situation. The British Government seems to have forgotten that policy in external affairs cannot be managed in separate departments, and that a crusade for liberty in Europe is incompatible with the determination to refuse far-reaching reforms in India.

NEED OF CLARIFICATION.

Dominion status means something very much more now than when it first appeared as the goal of Indian policy. The right to secession and neutrality was recognised by Mr. Chamberlain, when the new constitution of Eire was accepted and when the Treaty of 1938 released Eire from the obligations to Britain in case of war which prevented her exercise of the right of neutrality.

In the Union of South Africa neutrality in the present war was admitted to be within the rights of the Union under Dominion Status, though it was decided to adopt instead an attitude of passive belligerency which excludes any armed aid to Britain.

It is patent therefore that the demand for recognition of independence should have been met by pointing out that Dominion Status includes the right of India in due course to decide the question of allegiance which plainly cannot be dealt with at the present moment.

JUST DEMAND.

Consultation on the terms of the Act of 1935 is quite inadequate. The act suffers from the fundamental defect that it seeks to per-

petuate oligarchical rule in India by associating the Rulers of the States with the British Government to secure a Conservative Legislature and an Executive, which will have no real powers over the vital issue of external affairs.

British India, which is in provinces exercising responsible Government satisfactorily, is entitled to be assured that at the end of the war there shall be devised a Constitution which will give it true responsible Government.

TERMS FOR STATES

The States should be permitted to enter on terms to be arranged by the new Government, and approved by the Indian Parliament which would no doubt secure that the representatives of the States would speak for their people, not their rulers only. The position of minorities would be secured by full provision for their rights in the Act, to be enforced, as in Canada, by the courts. The majority community would doubtless possess the wisdom to accept such conditions for the minorities as would assure their safety and contentment.

Recent history in Europe has shown the disastrous folly of oppression of minorities.

IMMEDIATE STEP

As an immediate step the Viceroy's Council might be strengthened by adding to it the leaders of the great Parties in the Legislature. In order that their advice might be forthwith available to aid India in the essential object on which her liberty depends, the destruction of the German aggression; if it succeeds in dominating Europe, Indian Liberty will be in the utmost jeopardy.—A. P.

London.—The Lord Mayor's Red Cross Fund for the sick and wounded rose on Saturday to £536,000. The large addition is mainly due to the receipt of £80,000 from Malaya.

Prepared To Enquire Into Specific Charges

Jawaharlal Accepts Bengal Premier's Challenge

LUCKNOW, Oct. 30.
Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has issued the following statement replying Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq's challenge:—

"I have read in the daily press what Mr. Fazlul Huq is pleased to call his challenge to me. I am not gifted with Mr. Huq's rich imagination, nor has the education and training that has come to my way, fitted me to use the virile language that comes so naturally to him. My mind is more earthly and likes to dabble in facts before it arrives at conclusion. And so I welcome this long belated offer of Mr. Fazlul Huq and accept it in its entirety.

FANTASTIC CHARGES.

"He and his colleagues have been in the habit of making fantastic charges against the Congress Governments and every time we have requested them to specify these charges and justify them and every time they have avoided this obvious course either by remaining silent or by a fresh outburst of virulent abuse. Being a lover of words and phrases in their varied patterns, I have admired this infinite capacity for avoiding the issue and wrapping it up in innumerable folds of quibbling vituperation.

"Does Mr. Fazlul Huq remember the invitation so often extended to him by Maulana Abul Kalam Azad in the public and private to specify his complaints and charges and establish them? But he has consistently refused to take advantage of this invitation and often said that he uses words in the heat of the moment which he regrets afterwards.

PREPARED FOR INQUIRY.

"I accept, therefore, his offer of challenge and am prepared to inquire into specific instances in his company. He has stated that his quarrel is with the U. P. Government, but the instances he cites relate to two other provinces also. He mentions six instances—(1) circular about the hanging of Gandhiji's picture; (2) firing at Tanda; (3) Cawnpore firing; (4) "Bhagalpur outrages" whatever they might be; (5) Firing on Khaksars even in jails; and (6) action taken against newspapers calling for securities.

"I suggest to Mr. Fazlul Huq to state his case with regard to these instances beginning with those relating to the United Provinces, so that he and I can immediately start our inquiries with regard to them.

"The Congress Ministries have resigned or are resigning for more vital national reasons, which do not affect Mr. Fazlul Huq, and I am not particularly interested in what Mr. Huq does in the matter of resignation. But

I am interested in finding the truth and I invite Mr. Fazlul Huq's co-operation in this."—United Press.

NEHRU MAY MEET JINNAH

Congress War Sub-Committee Likely To Meet Shortly

LUCKNOW, Oct. 30.
Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru told the "United Press" that he had received no communication whatsoever from Mr. M. A. Jinnah to meet him. Panditji, however, might see Mr. Jinnah if he happened to go to Delhi.

Asked whether there was any possibility of convening a meeting of the War Sub-Committee in the near future he observed if the occasion demanded a meeting might be called.

OUR AIM IS ATTAINMENT OF FREEDOM—NOT WAR RESISTANCE

M. N. Roy's Warning To Congress Leaders

DEHRA DUN, Oct. 30.
Commenting on the debate in the House of Commons Mr. M. N. Roy in the course of an interview to the "United Press" said that the British Government's latest statement was a declaration of war upon the Congress. "This statement", he added, "is even more unaccommodating than the Viceroy's declaration. The plan seems to be to get rid of the Congress Ministries and suspend the Constitution. The Congress, however, should not be provoked to hasty action. Our retort should be to prevent the restoration of Governors' autocracy with the co-operation of loyalists and anti-Congress politicians.

"The Congress Ministries should not resign. A fierce repression will surely follow that mistake. Satyagraha, mass or limited, cannot effectively stop India's participation in war. With the Congress leaders locked up and the organisation declared illegal, the field will be completely free for that purpose. The wiser policy shall be to hold a strategic position to defend the minimum freedom of the popular movement. Our object is the attainment of freedom and not war resistance. It must be attained by our efforts. An opportunity may come if the war continues. We should bide time and prepare for final struggle."—United Press.

HINDU-SIKH SUPPORT TO CONGRESS IN N.-W. F. P.

PESHAWAR, Oct. 29.
"On this issue we must clearly extend our support to the Congress," remarked Sardar Ajit Singh, Secretary of the Hindu-Sikh Nationalist Party in the Frontier Assembly, when interviewed on the situation arising out of the impending resignation of the Congress Ministry in the Frontier Province.

Mr. Ajit Singh held the view that the situation was a delicate one and that "we could make or mar our future by taking correct or wrong steps at this critical juncture".

Replying to a question, Mr. Ajit Singh said that to him the possibility of the Hindu-Sikh Nationalist Party joining the Muslim League Party in the formation of even an interim Ministry or a Council of Advisers was unthinkable.

He added that he had conveyed his views on this matter with clarity and force to his leader Rai Bahadur Mehr-Chand Khanna.—United Press.

Edgar Wallace Detective Story: Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE

